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M. F. EGAN, Business Manager.

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SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Trouble in the Greeley Camp.

ATTEMPT TO GET HORACE TO WITHDRAW.

Adams Urged for Nomination.

Adjournment of Geneva Conference.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 14, 1872.

Opposition to Horace Greeley.

The circular just issued by gentlemen prominent in the Cincinnati movement is understood here to be the result of a determination on the part of those who sign it, and quite a number of others whose names are quite as well known as connected with the movement, to prevent the nomination of Mr. Greeley at Baltimore. Immediately after the Philadelphia Convention a conference was held at New York, to which some of the personal friends and most earnest supporters of Greeley were invited. To these latter it was set forth in strong terms that Mr. Greeley could not unite the dissatisfied element of the Republican party that originally organized the Cincinnati movement. It was declared that whatever certain leaders or editors might do, the mass of the revenue reformers would not vote for Greeley. Forcible allusion was made to the fact that Greeley had scarcely any strength among the Germans; that of about one hundred and fifty German newspapers in the country, not one-half a dozen were really friendly to him. It was urged that the break from the Republican ranks appeared to be much smaller than would have followed the nomination of some other man; that Senator Schurz was heartily disgusted with the Cincinnati ticket, and in view of all these things, considerations grew out of the question whether Mr. Greeley could not be pursuaded to step out of the way if greater unanimity could be secured for some other candidate. It is understood that the friends of Greeley present objected stoutly to all propositions looking to throwing him overboard, and held to the belief that he could be elected even with the open opposition of the free trade and revenue reform elements in the Republican party. It is understood that the specific object of the meeting called by General Schurz, Cox, Mr. Bryant and others for June 20th is to arrange tor concerted action looking to the nomination of Mr. Adams at Baltimore.

Adjournment of Geneva Conference.

The expectation here to-night is that both sides will submit arguments at Geneva to-morrow; that England will present in connection with her's a request for adjournment, and that the arbitrators will agree to this.

The annual estimates of the expenses of the Territory of the District of Columbia have been transmitted by Governor Cooke to the House of Delegates. The total amount is two millions one hundred and seventy-two thousand dollars.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 14, 1872.

THE SIGNAL SERVICE WEATHER REPORTS

which were only originally intended for the benefit of commerce, have proved so useful to the agricultural interests of the country also, that Congress has authorized the War Department to extend the working of the system so as to provide especially for these interests by the collection of reports from various points in the interior.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 14, 1872.

THE EIGHT-HOUR MOVEMENT.

Two thousand machinists, iron mongers and boiler makers struck yesterday in Brooklyn. They have struck for eight hours with the same pay as formerly given for ten. The foundries and large establishments refuse compliance with the demand. In many instances bodies of men visited the establishments and forced men to strike. In one instance the reach in the steamer Rhein was taken from a steamer was taken from Brooklyn to Rhode Island to have the true work finished. It is also stated that one firm in this city has sent orders to Scotland for fifty small steam engines, instead of giving the order here, for fear the strikers will interfere with the prompt performance of the contract.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Five men and two women, comprising a notorious gang of burglars and thieves, were all arrested near Brooklyn to-day.

Four cases of sunstroke are reported.

The Synod of the Episcopal Church adjourned *sine die* this afternoon, after appointing a committee to report to the next Synod on the advisability of union with the Presbyterian Church South.

It is reported that the Grand Jury has indicted one of the prominent leaders of the eight hour strike. Three painters and three laborers, all strikers, were arrested for threatening violence to workmen who refused to join them.

Garret Vreeland, one of the Commissioners of Jersey City convicted of frauds, was sentenced today to pay five hundred dollars, which he paid, and was discharged.

The complaint against Jay Gould, has ed on charges of immense frauds, is not yet filed in the Common Pleas, where the case will be tried. A rumor prevailed this afternoon that Gould, fearful of the consequences of these projected suits, has fled. He could not be found this afternoon, and a warrant for his arrest will probably be put in the hands of the Sheriff to-morrow.

About seven-eighths of Steinway's workmen have resumed work, leaving only sixty ring-leaders at that factory still on strike. It is stated that the striking piano workmen held a secret meeting at the Eight Hour League Rooms this afternoon, and voted to assemble at five o'clock to-morrow morning at Steinway's factory and prevent the workmen from resuming their labors. Three hundred police were promised the co-operation of other organizations. Through the indiscretion of one of their number a reporter learned the fact, and the police will be on hand to quell any such demonstration. These men are said to feel very desperate at the apparent failure of their strike. The same meeting voted to send a committee to each company with one of the polishers and varnishers to Boston, to urge the workmen there to strike. The strike of the furniture men is ended, the men all returning to work. A carefully prepared table in the *Commercial Advertiser* shows that there are 6,000 men employed in the furniture business. Of these 4,674 are now at work at ten hours per day, 624 working at eight hours, and 1,278 are on strike. Of the eight hour men eight hours, nearly all will be discharged next week, they only being employed to enable contracts to be filled. A delegate from the cabinetmakers in Boston reports that the trade will strike in that city on the first of July. It is stated to-night that cabinetmakers left here this afternoon for Boston and Hartford, Providence and all other eastern places, as well as to Baltimore and Philadelphia, to organize strikes among the piano makers and other trades. The object being to have strikes in other parts of the country to help the successful issue of the strikes here.

The steamship Rhein with the German band, the Imperial Cornet Quartette of Emperor William of Germany, Herr Strauss and Madame Peschia on board, arrived this evening. The self and daughter of Horace Greeley are also passengers on the Rhein. The steamship Allemania, from Bremen, has also arrived.

Judge Curtis has rendered a decision that the warrant of Governor Hoffman surrendering Carl Vogt to the Belgian authorities was unconstitutional, and Vogt has been remanded to prison on a charge of bringing stolen property into the State.

The jury in the case of Andre, who shot his wife, returned a verdict against the prisoner to-day, who was committed.

Early this morning in a saloon John Miller attempted to behead Wm. Martland with a butcher knife, inflicting a dangerous wound. D. Brady, in defending Martland, so badly beat Miller that the latter will die. Brady was arrested.

The Coroner's jury in the case of Augustus Brown found a verdict against John Smith and James Gully. Brown was killed while defending his wife against the insults of the ruffians.

POLITICAL.

Justice to Mr. Voorhees—He is Not Repudiated, as Reported.

TERRE HAUTE, June 14.—As an act of justice to Mr. Voorhees, his friends request the publication of the following, which will appear in the Terre Haute *Journal* to-morrow: "A meanlie—one of the meanest lies yet started by the crazy Greeleyites—was the telegraph dispatch which they caused to be sent all over the country from Indianapolis last Wednesday, stating that the Hon. D. W. Voorhees was defeated as a candidate to the Baltimore Convention by his district. That report was utterly and cruelly false. When Mr. Voorhees reached Indianapolis, Tuesday evening, he was immediately called upon by friends from every county in the Sixth Congressional District, and was urged to go as a delegate to the Baltimore Convention from his district. Mr. Voorhees promptly and imperatively declined the use of his name in that connection. The facts and there is abundant proofs to show that the district did not meet, or attempt to meet, or that it was not morning unanimously agreed upon by the district as a delegate from the State at large. This was done without the knowledge or consent of Mr. Voorhees, and, as we understand, for the purpose of preventing the action of the district on the evening before from being misunderstood or misrepresented, as it has been. As to Mr. Voorhees's position in this district, we know that he can have the race for district, we know that he can have the race for Congress by unanimous consent, and we further know that the strongest Greeleyites in the District have approached him urging his acceptance of the nomination as the only hope of carrying the district against the Grant party, and thereby saving the Congressman, the State ticket and the Legislature."

An Explanation for Mr. Schurz.

ST. LOUIS, June 14.—The *Republican* to-morrow will contain the following: "Using the exact language suggested by Mr. Schurz in reference to the proposed New York consultation meeting of gentlemen opposed to the re-election of Grant, which, according to the dispatch published yesterday, will be held in New York on the 20th of this month, it is to be composed of gentlemen representing all the different shades of opposition, and not, as has been suggested in some quarters, of men unfavorable to Mr. Greeley as a candidate for the Presidency. It is the purpose to unite the elements of opposition for common action. The list of signers of the invitation, as given in the dispatch, can hardly have been complete, as we have been informed, on reliable authority, that the use of the name of Senator Schurz was obtained only upon the understanding that the invitation should be signed also by some other gentlemen known to be friendly to Greeley, and distinctly representing the Cincinnati nominees, and should be addressed to prominent men known to be of the same way of thinking.

The Republican further states that the assumption which had gone out from the East that because Mr. Schurz is disappointed at the result of the Cincinnati nomination he will not support Mr. Greeley, is being true. We have no very far from doubt whatever the Senator, should no opportunity be embraced before, will in his own emphatic manner, establish the truth of this statement at the meeting in New York on the 20th. The Senator resents the idea that the only candidates for parde it as now certain that the only candidates for President before the people next November will be Greeley and Grant."

A Farmer Killed by a Falling Tree Near Londonville, O.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

LOUDONVILLE, O., June 14, 1872.

Samuel Allenbaugh, a farmer residing in Green township, near here, was killed by being struck by a falling tree. He lived but a few minutes. He leaves a wife and large family.

The Pittsburgh Commercial.

The Daily and Weekly Commercial—NEWSPAPER DECISIONS.—1. Any one who takes a paper regularly from the Postoffice—whether directed to his name or another's, or whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.

2. If a person orders the paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.

3. The courts have decided that refusing to take NEWSpapers or periodicals from the Postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

Remittances must be made in Money Orders, Bank Checks, or Drafts, if possible. When neither of these can be procured, send the money in a Registered Letter. The present Registration system is virtually an Absolute Protection Against Losses by mail, and all Postmasters are obliged to Register Letters whenever requested to do so.

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EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Debate in Parliament.

LONDON, June 14.—In the House of Commons this afternoon Mr. Gregory gave notice that he should question the Government as to the effect the postponement of arbitration will have on the settlement of the San Juan boundary and fishery questions and on the Canadian loan. Mr. Gladstone replied to an interrogatory from Horsman that the papers concerning the recent negotiations with the United States would include everything except Sir Stafford Northcote's declaration as to the responsibility of the British Commissioners. Mr. Horsman wanted to know whether the records of the High Joint Commissioners would contain any minutes with regard to indirect claims, or show whether the question of these claims was reached at all; also, whether they would prove that the withdrawal of said claims only rested on an understanding between the Commissioners. Mr. Gladstone required notice of the question before giving it a full answer, but would state that no communication had passed between the Commissioners and Her Majesty's Government showing that the exclusion of indirect claims rested on an understanding. Mr. Corrance asked if Her Majesty's Government intended to proceed with the arbitration on matters which had no relation with the Alabama claims, Fenian raids, fisheries or commercial matters. For the purpose of obtaining the floor Mr. Corrance made a motion to adjourn. He criticized the government, charging it with neglecting the Canadian, and exacting the it assent to the treaty of Washington under duress. Mr. Gladstone protested against a portion. He claimed that his answers were misunderstood. He had said that the postponement of the Board of Arbitration would not affect the treaty, but the defent of one of its provisions might, as when one of the wheels of a carriage failed, all failed. In reply to Viscount Bury's inquiry of last night, Mr. Gladstone promised that all the papers would be laid before the house to-night.

The San Juan Boundary Question.

BERLIN, June 14.—The Emperor William has instructed the Crown Jurist to prepare a report on the cases of the American and British Governments on the San Juan boundary question. It is expected that the Emperor will soon deliver his decision.

The New Spanish Cabinet.

MADRID, June 14—The following are additional members of the new Cabinet: Lieutenant General F. Fernandez de Corcova, Minister of War, *ad interim*; Senor Juan Boyanger, Minister of Marine; Senor Gomez, Minister of Finance; Senor Echegary, Minister of Public Works; Senor Martos, Minister of Foreign Affairs and Justice, and Interior *ad interim*. The oaths of office were taken by the members of the new Ministry last night. It is reported their first measure will be the appointment of Gen. Don Baldomero Espartero generalissimo of the army of the North; Don Puiz Zovilla was at first appointed to the Ministry of the Interior, and Senor Rios to the Ministry of Justice. Senor Becarra to that of Works, and Senor Maltos to that of Foreign Affairs alone, but the cabinet as finally constructed is as above stated.

Probable Crisis in France—Schism in the Protestant Synod.

PARIS, June 14.—The Right in the Assembly have resolved to demand that Thiers dismiss some of his Ministers and carry on the administration in accordance with the majority. Thiers objected to a Tumultuous crisis, but favors the appointment of Grevy as Vice President.

The French Government has completed the draft of a postal convention with the United States.

Mr. Washburne, American Minister, has invited France to join the Emigration Congress to be held at Washington.

The Protestant Synod, now in session here, has just passed through an unusually animated discussion which resulted in a schism of the Church. M. Guizot, the leader of the orthodox party, maintained the authority of the Scriptures, while the Rev. M. Coquel, who is at the head of the liberal party, justified certain divergences in relation to the divinity and resurrection of Christ. The liberals, demurring at the action of the orthodox majority, withdrew from the Synod.

Negotiations with Germany for the gradual evacuation of France as instalments of the indemnity are paid, are proceeding satisfactorily.

The Geneva Arbitration.

GENEVA, June 14.—Nearly all the gentlemen connected with the Board of Arbitration under the treaty of Washington have arrived here. It is believed that this Board will commence business after the meeting, but if an agreement to adjourn cannot be reached, and the meeting is prolonged, the sessions will undoubtedly be secret.

Miscellaneous Dispatches.

LONDON, June 14.—A dispatch from Bagdad says that the royal mail steamship Lamore was attacked at Bassaorah by pirates, who killed and wounded several persons on board, and carried off four thousand three hundred rupees.

MADRID, June 14.—A new Cabinet has been formed by the united efforts of General Cordova and Senor Zorilla. Don Rinez Zorilla is President of the Council.

LONDON, June 14.—Marguerite Dixblaine, a French servant girl, has been convicted of murdering her mistress and sentenced to be hanged.

Miss Lye has opened a home for deserted girls at Beckham, from which a certain number will be sent regularly to Canada.

MADRID, June 14.—The new Ministry will reorganize the entire militia force of the kingdom. Cortes will soon be prorogued and subsequently dissolved.

The Markets.

LONDON, June 14, 8 M.—Consols, money, 92¾; account, 92¾. American bonds—5-208 of '62 91; do of '65 92; do of 67 94; 10-40s 89¼.

PARIS, June 14.—Rentes 76f. Specie in the Bank of France increased 3,500,000.

LIVERPOOL, June 14.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling uplands 11¼d; Orleans 11¾d. Breadstuffs quiet.

Serious Accident at Conshohocken, Pa.

PHILADELPHIA, June 14.—By the falling of a stack at West Conshohocken Furnace, yesterday, fifteen persons are reported to have been killed and wounded.

PHILADELPHIA, June 14.—Of the fourteen men buried in the ruins of the new furnace building of J. B. Moorhead & Co., in West Conshohocken, yesterday, five were killed, viz: Jas. Kelly, Mathew Morrissey, John Dunn, Freeman Powers and J. J. Ramsey. The dangerously wounded are Thomas Dempsey and four others seriously, and three others slightly. The fall was caused by the pressure of cinders on one side of the arch.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

A heavy sulphur shower prevailed at Saratoga on Thursday night. Yesterday morning in many places the ground was covered with a deposit of yellow sulphur.

The Nassau *Herald* of the 5th instant has a letter from Port au Prince, no date given, stating that a party of Salnavists had made an attack upon Cape Haytien, and were in possession of a portion of the city. The Haytien government had sent troops to dislodge the revolutionists.

THE PROPOSED RAILROAD CHANGES.

Meeting of the Conference Committee—The Removal of the Pennsylvania Railroad Tracks and the Vacation of Certain Streets Considered.

Yesterday afternoon the several members of Councils to whom was referred the matter of making certain arrangements with the Pennsylvania Railroad Company in relation to the removal of their tracks from Liberty street and the vacation of certain streets, met in the office of the City Clerk, in the new city building.

Mr. Acheson moved that, inasmuch as the Pennsylvania Railroad Company desired to withdraw the ordinance from the Committee, it be returned to Councils with a negative recommendation. Lost.

Mr. Aiken moved to consider the ordinance seriatim. Adopted.

A fourth list of the sub-committee appointed at the last meeting of the committee was asked for, but the chairman of the committee was not present.

Paragraph fourth, under consideration at the last meeting, referring to bridges over Thirty-third street, Hockley street, Lang avenue, Herman street and Highland avenue, was adopted.

Paragraph fifth, referring to the widening of Sassafras alley, and providing for a bridge to connect the alley with Brereton and Jones avenues, was adopted.

Paragraph sixth, provided for the vacation of Twenty-eighth street from Sassafras alley to Ferguson street, Lumber street, Twenty-ninth, Thirteth, Thirty-first, Thirty-second and Ferguson streets. The portion of said streets lying south of Liberty street were ordered to be vacated.

Paragraph seventh, relative to the vacation of Grant and Washington streets, was next considered.

Mr. Rafferty moved to strike out the paragraph and insert a paragraph vacating Grant street.

Mr. Pearson presented a lengthy substitute for Section seventh, providing that all trails be removed from Liberty street, crossing the approaches to the Union Depot, except the main tracks of the Western railroads, and also the tracks on Liberty street from the Union Depot to the Duquesne Depot.

Mr. Aiken moved to amend by striking out that portion of the resolution in reference to Liberty street, and allowing them to retain the tracks down Liberty street to the Duquesne Depot. Carried.

Paragraph seventh was also so amended as to make Liberty alley from Seventeenth street to Liberty street, and Seventh avenue from Cherry alley to Grant street, each eighty feet wide.

Mr. Watson moved that the company be instructed to construct, if practicable, a bridge on Wash. ington street from the part vacated to Liberty street, the bridge to be the width of Washington street. Adopted.

The paragraph as amended was then approved.

The Clerk was directed to engross the ordinance and the City Solicitor directed to prepare an additional section, providing that the vacation of streets shall not take place until the railroad company have conformed with the ordinance.

The ordinance was then referred to a special committee to confer with the railroad authorities and ass. their acceptance of it. Messrs. Bargwin, Pearson, Rafferty, E. P. Jones and Arthurs were appointed.

The erection of a foot bridge at Twenty-second street was also provided for.

On motion adjourned.

FISHY WATER.

A New Theory as to the Cause.

A gentleman writing on the subject of foul water, at Harrisburg, advances a new theory in regard to the cause of the fishy taste. As the peculiar—and we may say peculiarly offensive taste has been widely complained of by our citizens, especially by those who receive their supplies from the upper reservoirs, we append the theory of the writer alluded to, with the remark that, should further facts there may be in his speculations, his suggestion in regard to the frequent opening of the fire plugs, would get rid of the stagnant or stationary water, is a good one, and ought to commend itself to those having the matter in charge. The writer says:

Seeing many communications relative to the fishy taste of the hydrant water of the city, we and all those who have attempted to give the reason of the fishy taste of the water are wrong in their conclusions in solving the mystery. It is a well known fact that water when confined without action will rot, and after a long time will partly fossil by losing the nitrogenous composition in the bottom wherein it is contained, and then, when the surface is drawn off, it is the purest kind of water. Now this rot takes place in every pipe in which the water is not kept in motion, and the sediment remains in those pipes for a long time for months and years before ever being carried off, and hence it is that this water in a state of decomposition, sets back its impure and contaminates all of the purer quality which enters into the pipes or comes in contact with it, until it affects that contained in the reservoir. Years ago it was the duty of the constables to have a small quantity of water discharged out of each of the pipes once or twice a month, and no such nauseous water was inflicted upon the palates of our citizens; but now, the sediment in the pipes is known to remain in the same until a fire breaks out, when the plugs are so clogged up with decayed matter that they cannot be used by the firemen. This is the case now. Let the police tap the pipes forthwith, and you will find dozens of them clogged with sufficient filth to almost generate a pestilence. The pipes are well worth calling attention to at this time.

BUTLER ORPHAN HOME.

The Annual Excursion.

A lengthy and very interesting communication from a welcome correspondent, descriptive of the annual excursion to the Orphan's Home at Butler, has been received. It is regretted that space is not at our command this morning to give the communication in full.

The excursion came off on last Wednesday. The visitors occupied four passenger cars and left on the West Penn Railroad at 7:45 A. M., reaching Butler at 10 o'clock. At the depot the visitors were welcomed by the citizens and a procession was formed to the Home, under the command of Mr. T. J. Craig. The city Band, under the leadership of Mr. Jerome Staley taking the right. Next came the excursionists, the "Boys of the Home," in neat grey uniforms, bringing up the rear. Before the procession reached the Home it had augmented until it was nearly a quarter of a mile in length. Arriving at the Home the little army was dismissed, and then followed rambles under the shade trees, croquet, base ball, &c., until the dinner hour arrived, and then there was a rush for the tables. The children were fed at a table about eighty feet long, placed on one of the porches. The meal consisted of cold meats and hot coffee, and was keenly relished by the orphans. The visitors eat at another table, which had to be replenished no less than five times.

Next on the programme came the children's exhibition, consisting of readings, recitations, singing, &c. The exercises were opened with prayer by Rev. George H. Johnston. This was followed by the singing of "Happy greeting to all" by the orphans. The band played "Sweet spirit hear my prayer." Bible questions were answered by the Bible class in a manner reflecting great credit on the instructors. The entire exercises were interesting throughout, and gave evidence of the careful training of the children.

The annual address was delivered by the Rev. J. J. Swander, of Latrobe, in his usual happy and forcible way. Rev. J. B. Thompson, Superintendent of the Home, returned thanks for favors past and present, and asked a continuance of the prayers and sympathy of the patrons of the institution. The services were concluded by the singing of the longmeter doxology and benediction.

The audience was then dismissed to other parts of the building, and the members of the new Board met and effected an organization by the election of the Rev. T. J. Barclay, President, T. J. Craig, Secretary and L. H. Voight, (of the firm of Voight, Maload & Co.,) Treasurer, who will be glad to receive at any time aid for the Home in the way of food, clothing and money from the friends of the orphans.

Rain had begun to fall about noon and somewhat interfered with the success of the excursion. At about 5:40 P. M. the visitors left for the city, arriving safely at 8:30.

The excursion throughout was well managed and afforded much in the way of entertainment and enjoyment. The members of the Reformed Church deserve much credit for the establishing of a Home for Orphans in this part of the State, and for the continued interest they manifest in its proper care and well being.

The Home is well worthy the sympathy and material aid of the generous hearted people of Pittsburgh. May it long continue to prosper, giving shelter to many helpless, homeless orphans, and never want for friends and willing helpers.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Sterrett.

The following cases were tried in this Court yesterday:

John Chambers, indicted for attempting to commit an outrage upon the person of Mary Dalbin, aged seven years, was found guilty, and was sentenced to the Penitentiary for five years. The Court remarked that the evidence was overwhelmingly conclusive, and regretted that the law limited the term to five years.

John Wallace was convicted of the larceny of a silver watch and some articles of jewelry from the store of John Thresher. He was sent to the workhouse for two years.

Henry C. Bowers, charged with assault and battery, was found not guilty, but directed to pay the costs.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. James Sullivan, indicted for malicious mischief was settled by permission of the Court, upon the payment of costs by defendant.

In the case of Eliza Bridge, alias Stoy, charged with larceny, the Court allowed a *nol. pros.*, it appearing that the property had been restored to the owner, and that Bridge was ignorant as to whether it had been taken with felonious intent.

Frank Hopkins, of McKeesport, was tried for misdemeanor under the liver act, Michael Ryan being the prosecutor. The jury found a verdict of not guilty, and ordered the prosecutor to pay the costs.

TRIAL LIST FOR SATURDAY.

Commonwealth vs.

William Baker,	William Goff,
John McMahon,	Patrick Enright,
William Henkel,	J. G. Ryan,
W. J. Cappie,	Mary Ripple,
Susan Jones,	Alias Cooper,
Margaret Cummings,	Robert Neillie,
	Thomas Reiff.

Fall of a Scaffold.

An accident occured yesterday morning at the new Birmingham market house, by which one man received injuries which will likely prove fatal, and three others were slightly injured. At eight o'clock the four men, who are painters by occupation, were engaged at work on a scaffold, when it suddenly gave away and precipitated the men to the ground. The names of the men are John Burns, Bernard Krugh, Conrad Niehan and Henry Schmidt. Burns fell on the edge of a board receiving serious internal injuries, and also several bruises. Dr. Kerr was summoned and attended him. The remaining three were so slightly injured that they were able to be about in a short time. Burns was removed to his boarding house on Eighteenth street, where he is now lying in a critical condition.

Leg Broken.

John Wesner, a lad about seventeen years of age, while attempting to jump on a freight train at McFarland's Grove, intending to ride into the city, missed his footing and broke his leg. He had attended a picnic which was held at the grove yesterday, and at five o'clock, wishing to return into the city, and no passenger train passing at the time, concluded to jump on the freight train. He was removed to Lang's Hotel, on Liberty street, where he boarded. A physician was summoned, who reduced the fracture.

DR. HUNTER'S SUCCESS IN PITTSBURGH.

Testimony from Those Who Have Been His Patients.

None who have read the letters and testimonials published by Dr. Hunter in our columns can doubt that he is an intelligent and *successful* physican. His descriptions of the ailments to which he devotes his attention are the best we have ever read, and cannot fail to interest and instruct anyone.

The evidences of his success place his skill beyond question. No person whose mind is open to conviction, would require more positive proof than is given in the case of Mr. Jewell and troublesome malady, Catarrh. His skill is the legitimate and natural result of his years of exclusive attention to this class of ailments.

Success Based Upon Merit.

It is a subject of general remark, among both wholesale and retail druggists, that no medicine introduced to the American public has ever gained such a popularity and met with so large a sale in all parts of the land, in the same length of time, as has Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This cannot depend upon its having been more largely advertised than any other medicine, as such is not the case. The correct explanation, we think, is found in th fact that this medicine produces the most wonderful and perfect cures of every kind, cases of bronchial, throat and lung diseases, is undoubtedly the most perfect and efficient remedy for all forms of Scrofula ever yet known, has been introduced to the public, and at the same time possesses the greatest of blood purifying and strengthening properties that medical science has ever developed, combining and rendering it a sovereign remedy not only in the cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and Cough, but also for all diseases of the liver and blood, as scrofulous diseases, all skin diseases, blotches, rough skin, pimples, black specks and discolorations. It has, therefore, a wide range of application and useful fulness, and it not only gives the most perfect satisfaction to all who use it, but far exceeds the expectations of the most sanguine, thus eliciting the loudest praise and raising everywhere an overflowing advertising mediums of all who use it. For these reasons it is that there is not perhaps a druggist in all the vast domains of this continent, who tries to please his customers and supply their wants, that does not keep and sell large quantities of this most valuable medicine.

LEADING bakers are now using the Banner Baking Powder in making biscuit, rolls and fancy cakes. Their reason for doing it is simply because they save time and material. The Banner Baking Powder is put up in ten pound boxes expressly for bakers' use. Can be obtained at the manufactory, corner Smithfield street and Second avenue.

AT a meeting of the Board of Directors of the First National Bank of Allegheny, held this morning, the following resolutions of respect in memory of Captain R. D. Cochran, deceased, were read and adopted:

WHEREAS, This Board has been invaded by the messenger of Death in the removal from our midst of our friend and fellow-member, Robert D. Cochran, whose death occurred on Sabbath, June 9, 1872, therefore,

Resolved, First, That we accept this visitation as a call from God that we must not place our affections upon the things on the earth, but rather lay up for ourselves treasures in heaven.

Resolved, That in the death of our associate we have lost a friend, adviser and counselor whose judgment was always in accord with the successful management of the bank.

Third—We desire to put on record our testimony that as a business man and head of office, he was distinguished for the strictest integrity, for the fruits of character noticeable in our departed friend were promptness in action, a well balanced mind and sensitive jealousy of business honor. His word was, emphatically, as "good as his bond."

Fourth—As a Christian gentleman, his life was a model of excellence. Liberal in his beneficience, sympathetic in his feelings, and always ready with a willing hand to help those who needed aid, we mourn his loss, yet we cherish his memory.

Fifth—That a copy of these resolutions be presented to the friends of the deceased, and that the same be entered upon our minutes and published in the daily papers.

To Pensioners and Claimants.

Dr. F. Salter, of Louisiana avenue, Washington, D. C. (late Medical Referee of the Pension Office), prosecutes every description of claims Dr. J. Phillips is at the Monongahela House, to meet claimants for invalid, widows, heirs, rejected and increase claims. Also, for additional bounty.

ALL grocers keep Duryea's Satin Gloss Starch and Improved Corn Starch,

The White River Flour,

For sale only at the Checkered Front, the great flour and grocery house. T. C. Jenkins.

The Ring, the Block and the Axe.

Wm. M. Gormly, Esq., life long Republican, an original Underground Railway man, an unswerving friend of the negro, the man through whose championship our colored fellow-citizens secured admission to the Minersville public schools, has been stricken from the list of the Republican Executive Committee for Allegheny county, because a large number of respectable citizens are circulating and signing a call for him to permit the use of his name as an independent citizens' candidate for Sheriff. But the document moves on and grows rapidly; men of all parties are putting their names to it, and we grieve for the ring while we say it; men who don't often dabble in politics are giving their earnest attention to this matter, believing that Capt. Gormly would make a better Sheriff than any we have had for many a long day.

Lippincott's Soda Fountains

Are the best. Call and see samples at McClarran & McKennan's drug store, 85 Market street, near Fifth avenue. tf

Try White River Flour.

Best flour for the money in the country.

THE COMMERCIAL is printed with the ink manufactured by the Diamond Ink Company of Pittsburgh. tf

☞ Advertisements on this page under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—GIRLS—FOR CITY AND country. Men wanting Farm work, Gardening, Driving, &c. Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth st.

WANTED—DRAWING—MECHANICAL and Architectural, by a Civil Engineer. Apply personally, after 6 P. M., to ROSS, 79 Fifth street, or by letter.

WANTED—EVERYBODY — ANNOYED with Rats, Mice or Roaches to try Sabin's Vermin Exterminator. Prepared and sold by CHAS. ABEL & Co., Druggists, 172 Wylie avenue.

WANTED—BOOKKEEPER — AN EXperienced Bookkeeper. The best of reference required. Address D., Box 94, Allegheny Postoffice, Pa.

WANTED—MORTGAGES — SEVERAL first-class Mortgages. Principals only need apply. Call or address Penn Mutual Life Insurance Co. Office 106 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh. tf

WANTED—SITUATION—A GENTLEman of many years' experience would like to take charge of a Blast Furnace or Rolling Mill, or both. Can furnish city references. Address N. T., this office.

WANTED—BLACKSMITH — IMMEDIately, a Blacksmith for Iron Horses. To one that understands his business a steady job and good wages. Address AKRON HAME COMPANY, Akron, Ohio.

WANTED—COAL MINERS—100 COAL Miners at "Chippewa Mines," situated on C., Mc. V. and O. Railroad, Chippewa Station, Summit county, Ohio. Houses for ten families. Coal four to four and one half feet thick. Cellar and 10½ cents per ton for mining. Address FRANK MILLIOT, Superintendent, Clinton, Summit county, Ohio; or to CRAWFORD & SONS, Proprietors, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—A NUMBER OF first-class Men, who can give good references as to character and industry, to sell the American Button-Hole Overseaming and Compensating Sewing Machine, in city and country. Liberal inducements offered. JAMES ESSEX, General Agent, 178 Liberty street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—FEED STORE—THE Stock, Good Will and large Warehouse situated at No. 25 Fifth avenue, near the Diamond, Allegheny city, having an established trade and doing an extensive business in Hay, Grain, &c. Sad-factory reasons given for selling. For particulars inquire at above number. tf

BOARDING.

BOARDING — A FRONT OR BACK Room, with Board, can be had at No. 25 Fifth avenue, Allegheny, fronting the Park. References exchanged.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—BELTING AND HOSE—Pure Oak Tanned Leather Belting and Hose, at LAFLIN & MCKEE & CO.'S, 58 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE — ONE NO. 4 M'KENZIE Blower, in good order. Inquire at Foundry of D. DRIVER & SONS, No. 18 West Diamond street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—ONE FINE NEW PIANO, in consequence of pressure going to Europe. $175 cheaper than it can be bought elsewhere. Cash or monthly payments. Address M. L., Postoffice.

FOR SALE—FIFTY SECOND-HAND Boilers of all sizes, Flue, Cylinder and Tubular. JAMES ROSS & CO., corner Marion avenue and Railroad, Allegheny city, Pa. MTHSF

FOR SALE—ONE SECOND-HAND EN-gine and Boiler; engine 10 in. cylinder, 32 inches by 16 feet. Also, 1 No. 4 Taft Shear. M. B. COCHRAN, 141 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—PLAIN S. C. HAMS—10,000 pounds, free from smoke; the only lot in town; must be closed out in few days, and will be sold to the trade at low prices. RIESS, OWENS, No. 24 Seventh avenue.

FOR SALE—GOLDEN WEDDING AND Family Flour. Wholesale or by Retail at all times. Suit the trade. Each barrel shows by Government stamp the number of pounds. HUGH FINCH & CO., 189 First avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, Planers, Lathes, Drills, Gearing, Shafting, Mill Stands, Mantle Mantles, Hot and Cold Water, with all other useful improvements. Inquire of the Southside Iron Foundry, 158 Pennsylvania avenue, and Ohio avenue, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—A FIRST-CLASS Drug and Prescription Store, doing a good business in Allegheny, in the city limits. Apply for further information to CHAS. ABEL & CO., 172 Wylie avenue.

FOR SALE—A. S. CAMERON & CO.'S Steam Pumps can be supplied. Having been largely improved, we offer them as the best and cheapest in the market. ATWOOD & MCCAFFREY, corner Third avenue and Ferry street, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—THE VALUABLE STOCK, Lease, Good Will and Fixtures of the Wholesale Produce Business, formerly conducted by the late firm of Miller & Co., and formerly by Miller & Ricketson, at No. 221 and 223 Liberty street. Liberty street property, or by letter, to FRANKLIN B. GOWEN, Administrator of the Estate of Thomas Miller, deceased, 227 South Fourth street, Philadelphia.

FOR SALE—TWO VERY DESIRABLE Building Lots for business stands, having a front of 24 feet each on Penn avenue and running back 124 feet to a 20 foot alley, having a two-story Frame Dwelling House on rear of Lots, being at sale between Twenty-seventh and Thirty-eighth streets and Penn avenue. Will be sold on easy terms. Apply to W. B. KAISER, Real Estate Agent, No. 104 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT COTTAGE RESIDENCE, located on Charles street, foot of Craft avenue, Allegheny, with modern conveniences, in excellent view up and down the river for miles. The House contains 9 Rooms, Marble Mantels, &c., &c.; Hydrant Water in the Kitchen and Yard; Lot 100 by 204 feet, formerly occupied by D. Galvin King, still in the house. Inquire of JOHN TORRENCE, 66 Smithfield street.

FOR SALE—COUNTRY RESIDENCE, near New Brighton Road, of about 1 Acre, situated on the north side of Back Lane, the second lane beyond Sheriff Fleming's residence on the New Brighton Road, with a good, substantial, double two-story Frame Dwelling of Ten Rooms, with Hot and Cold Water and fine Range in Kitchen; Spring House and good Water; a good Two-Story Frame Stable and Carriage House, recently built and now, and have a fine view of the surrounding country and the Ohio River. The Lot is within a short distance of the city, and is only a few minutes' walk from the Street Cars. For further information inquire

The Daily Commercial.

SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1872.

THE Chicago *Tribune* don't mean that the Democrats shall misunderstand the object of GREELEY's candidacy. It avows it in the following plain language: "Decomposition has set in in both the Democratic and Republican parties, and the best way to retain their reverence for them is to bury them with as much speed as decorum permits." The *Tribune* might hold to this view without inviting Democrats to come to their own funeral. Now that they are invited, the question is, will they come?

THE result of the Senatorial canvass in New Hampshire, which eventuated in the choice of BAMBRIDGE WADLEIGH as the Republican candidate, instead of Messrs. PATTERSON or ROLLINS, the two leading aspirants, seems to be chiefly due to the fact that, while both of those gentlemen were men of ability, influence and experience in public affairs, the contest between them, or rather between their adherents, had assumed a somewhat personal character. Hence the New Hampshire Republicans rejected them both, conferring the position on a man who had not offended any portion of the party by over zealous efforts to secure it. The nomination of Mr. WADLEIGH is equivalent to an election, the Republican vote on joint ballot being two hundred and ten to one hundred and fifty-five Democratic votes.

It is said that some of the sly dogs who surround Mr. GREELEY, and are conducting his cause, now and then explain confidentially to doubting Republicans the game they are up to. They say GREELEY hates the Democratic party as intensely as ever, and as the crowning act of his life has undertaken its destruction on the torpedo principle—in other words, he is a candidate to divide the party and insure its final defeat. "Don't you see?" say they. "Horace has got at least half the party foul, and whichever way they turn he has involved them in fatal difficulties. It is his way of killing the Democratic party, and this is the little game he is up to." Now it may be questioned whether this is really Mr. GREELEY's purpose, but there is no sort of doubt about the effect of his candidacy. Whether or not this explanation, so confidentially made to a certain kind of Republicans will prove satisfactory, when it reaches Democratic ears, as it is soon likely to, the sensation will probably be similar to that produced by the presence of a flea there. GREELEY is a sly old fox, and after all may be playing a deeper game than he has yet been credited with; or, perceiving the awkwardness of his position, this explanation, which, to say the least, is plausible, may have been started to pave the way for winning back the confidence of his old friends. Who knows?

ABOUT a year ago there was issued and extensively distributed from the rooms of "The Southern Association" a confidential circular or programme, to which we made reference at the time, showing how the "Lost Cause" might be regained and the independence of the South secured. The document was divided into three parts; the first an argument intended to show that the people of the South, as a nation, are wholly different and distinct from the people of the North, and that any union between two such intrinsically opposite classes could at the best be only temporary. The second part set forth that the paramount political necessity of the time was to secure the complete control, through the ballot-box, of the local government of every Southern State, while the third part of the plan, to be carried out when the second had been secured, was to appoint a commission to Washington to demand the independence of the Southern States and to treat for a peaceable separation. Inasmuch as Mr. GREELEY has given no signs of amendment or repentance since he expressed his unqualified belief in the right of peaceable secession, and since he is said to express an unbounded confidence that he shall be the next President of the United States, a good many people would like to know what course he would be apt to take in the event of such a demand being made?

KINGS and queens, and other royal people, nowadays feel that they cannot afford wholly to ignore literature, at least in the persons of its distinguished professors. But it is still more noticeable that the same great personages now cheerfully own their special obligations to great writers who have tried to illustrate the old historic families to which they belong. The latest example of such recognition is the attention paid THOMAS CARLYLE by the Majesty of Germany, QUEEN AUGUSTA, when recently in London. CARLYLE having done much to brighten the fame of FREDERICK the Great, the Empress wished to see him, and the sage of Chelsea agreed to gratify Her Majesty. In pilot cloth coat, that peculiarly tall hat, which, according to Mr. RUSKIN, used to cause the London boys to insult him on the street, with long, shaggy gray beard, dirty boots, and a cane which might more properly be called a club or a shillelah, Mr. CARLYLE waited on the Empress in the palace at which she was staying. He was not only at once admitted to the imperial presence, but after the audience he was escorted quite to the door, in person by Count BERNSTORFF, the German Ambassador. It is mentioned as a fact that the well-trained and lace-bedizened pages and other servants and attendants of the Empress have not yet recovered from their astonishment at the honor conferred upon such a figure, and it is deemed not at all impossible that some of the lackeys may finally quite lose their reason in the vain endeavor to comprehend the affair.

COL. FORNEY denies that he has sold or intends to sell out to the Greeleyites and insists that he is heartily for GRANT and WILSON. His trouble is, he don't want the Republicans to carry the State in October, because, as he says, it will be a CAMERON victory. Considering that Col. FORNEY has never before uttered a word or raised a finger in opposition to CAMERON, he cannot expect that this will be accepted as a good reason. Many a time have we appealed to him to come up to our assistance against CAMERON, but every time he was found on the other side. He has chosen for his fight with CAMERON a moment when, by prosecuting it, he can stab Gen. GRANT and the Republican party in the nation. That it is not a mere pretext he will not be able to make many believe. But, if our information be correct, had Col. FORNEY been "recognised" in the State Convention, even so far as by naming him as delegate to the National Convention, he would have consented to postpone the present display of virtuous indignation about CAMERON. He speaks of his "wrongs," and it should be understood that they are precisely of this character. Why he could not be "recognized" by the State Convention no one will be at a loss who reads his own testimony before the EVANS Investigating Committee. After a diligent search for months, the committee were able to discover for a certainty no one who participated in the EVANS bounty but the FORNEYS; and Col. FORNEY swears to the precise amount he received. Later rumors place the amount much higher than that which he admitted he received. It is to be hoped that his advocacy of GRANT and WILSON is sincere and will last till the campaign closes, though there will be much reason for doubting this and the sincerity of his professions in general, so long as he pursues the course best calculated of all others to give the State to the Democrats in the Presidential battle.

A PARDON FOR GREELEY.

In view of the frankly expressed opinion of so prominent a Democrat as Senator BLAIR that the position of Mr. GREELEY concerning the right of secession was "traitorous," and that it did as much to discourage the efforts of Union men at the South as anything that occurred at the period of its utterance, it becomes a very interesting question whether the Liberal Republican candidate for President is eligible to the office for which he has been nominated. This upon the ground that the oath of office contains a declaration that the affiant has never voluntarily given aid or comfort to the enemies of the United States, or yielded any voluntary support to any political government or authority hostile thereto. Now, not to refer to Mr. GREELEY's repeated justifications of the doctrine and practice of secession a short time before the war, the files of the *Tribune* themselves show that even as late as 1864, when the suppression of the rebellion was more than two-thirds accomplished, the Liberal candidate declared that "if the Slave States, the Cotton States, or the Gulf States only choose to form an independent nation, they have a clear moral right to do so." Quite recently the Supreme Court of the United States defined the doctrine of secession to be the doctrine of treason, and not very long ago Mr. GREELEY's associate on the Cincinnati ticket emphatically stated his belief that there ought to be a Constitutional provision forever disfranchising those who either openly or covertly had in any wise given aid and comfort to the rebellion. Now, according to Senator BLAIR himself, Mr. GREELEY's utterances at that time greatly depressed the Union men of the South, and as a natural consequence, encouraged the secessionists correspondingly. Mr. GREELEY has never been ammestied, so far we are aware; and we think the best thing he can do, in view of his ambition and the peculiar circumstances of his position, is to make application to the President for an Executive pardon. Senator BLAIR would unquestionably indorse it favorably, and so would DAVIS, STEPHENS, TOOMBS, BEAUREGARD, and many other of the candidate's old and new friends; while there is hardly the shadow of a doubt that if it were couched in properly respectful terms, with a sufficient apology for the great wrong done to the nation, the President would willingly grant the prayer of the petitioner, and—to that extent—help to prevent the Liberal movement from becoming love's labor lost.

OUR MEXICAN BORDER.

Bitter complaints are made by Americans living along and near the Mexican border in Texas, that they are not sufficiently protected by the government against the hostile incursions to which they are continually exposed. These robberies and murders have been going on for years, with varying annoyance and atrocity, but an unceasing source of anxiety and dread to the peaceful and industrious settlers. As the peculiarly brutal Indian savages of those regions are often active in the incursions to which we refer, our readers can easily imagine the feelings with which Christian people regard their own exposure to such perils. But leaving out of view the danger of massacre and outrage, the insecurity of property along the Mexican border is discreditable in a high degree to the vigilance and energy of the Government. Its apology is that Mexico, from which the marauders issue and in which they find a safe retreat, is a sister republic with whom we are at peace and whom we may not rashly offend. The apology is feeble and wholly unsatisfactory. Even within its own borders, except to some extent in the large towns, the Mexican Government when comparatively undisturbed by rebellion, does not think it necessary to guard life and property with the jealous care and vigor exacted in more civilized countries. Mexicans do not feel the necessity of such watchfulness and would not appreciate its exercise. In the condition in which Mexico has been since the last election of JUAREZ, overrun by rebels and maintaining a doubtful struggle for existence, the Government is utterly unable to discharge the duties which it owes to its neighbors. Since the recent overwhelming defeat of his troops, and the occupation of Monterey by the insurgents, JUAREZ is less able than ever to fulfil any good intentions he may have entertained with reference to the suppression of brigandage on the western boundary of the republic. The chief seat of the civil war is now transferred close to the American line, and we may hear any day that the rebels, intrenched in the lately captured stronghold of Monterey, have assaulted and occupied the border towns of Matamoros, Camargo, etc. It was reported a few days ago, that large numbers of the officers and troops driven out of Monterey by the insurgents had taken refuge in Brownsville, and there can be little doubt that in a short time the American territory along the line will be quite overrun with starved and ragged Mexican soldiers and camp followers, ready for any deed of blood and plunder. Before miserably insecure as to both life and property, the Texans are more anxious than ever, and with good reason apprehend most unpleasant if not dreadful consequences from the inroads of so many freebooters into their flourishing settlements.

A large proportion of the population of those plantations in Western Texas are Germans, to which nationality the State is largely indebted for its rapid development and prosperity. Some readers will recall the testimony of Mr. GREELEY that the best cultivated farms which he saw on his journey through Texas belonged to Germans. They will also remember that in the years of national trial the same people were all faithful to the cause of the Union. A local German Republican contemporary, referring to the peril to which the colonists in that State have been and are now exposed, alleges that to all their representations and appeals for aid the Government has turned the cold shoulder. "True, it was only Dutch who desired from the central Government protection for life and property," is the reason which it assigns for such neglect. The sarcasm is, of course, quite undeserved, and implies failure to recollect how very large a native American population is exposed to the same dangers from which the Germans suffer. But although no consideration of nationality has had anything to do with the neglect there is a very general feeling in the country that the conduct of the Government in reference to the disturbances along the Mexican frontier, whether it be the offspring of apathy or the suggestion of policy, is wholly unworthy of a great and powerful nation.

SENATOR SCHURZ HEARD FROM.

At last Senator SCHURZ has been heard from in the political world. All the time since the GREELEY nomination he has by his silence let it be known that he regarded it as a nomination not fit to be made and could not give it his support. Together with a number of the originators of the Liberal movement he has signed and sent forth a circular inviting a conference of those who feel as he does. This conference is to take place in the city of New York on the 26th of this month. Though it does not matter much in point of fact what is proposed or done at this conference, since other agencies are at work to control the result against GREELEY when the question is submitted to the people, yet the movement possesses a certain kind of interest, inasmuch as it shows that Mr. GREELEY, instead of receiving the support of the better men who originated the movement which brought him out, is supported almost solely by those who by reason of their evil practices find themselves outside of regular political association and those famished Democrats whom he has spent a life time in denouncing, and in whose estimation the all-in-all of politics is the possession of power and the division of the offices, regardless of the means. Against this combination it is hardly probable that SCHURZ and his associates will be able to make successful headway at Baltimore, with reference to which Convention the conference is doubtless to be held, and they will be compelled either to fall into the fail of Mr. GREELEY's column and support him in violation of judgment and conscience, or stand aloof. The course they finally determine on will be important chiefly as affecting themselves and their standing before the country.

THE PARTISAN arrows which in former days were so remorselessly shot out of the *Tribune* quiver, are now returning from all quarters to plague the doughty warrior who drew the bow. They stick in his flesh as thickly as pin feathers in a young chicken, and, despite the tranquil temperament and philosophic training of the transfixed, he begins to writhe and wince. A few days ago somebody with a cruelly long memory unearthed from the files of the *Tribune* a tremendously savage onslaughter on Col. JOHN COCHRANE, the present chief trainer of the Liberal Republican candidate, in which that unhappy wight was branded as an apostate almost too base for earth to hold. It seems, however, that the next day the same paper poured oil of balm into his wounds, by withdrawing its strictures and stating that it had been misinformed; a fact which, it bitterly complains, is now withheld by those journals that have reproduced the attack, and the withholding of which is characterized as a "deliberate shameless deception." Granted that the *Tribune's* apology should have accompanied the republication of the insult, what is to be thought of the fitness of that man for the office of Executive of a great nation, who, upon mere rumor and hearsay, accuses another of pretty nearly all the political crimes known to the calendar, emptying all the vials of objurgation upon his head without first taking the trouble to ascertain whether he deserved to be so treated or not? Of course it was creditable to redress the wrong, but most people of ordinary prudence will be apt to doubt whether persons who are so incorrigibly addicted to going off at half-trigger are exactly the kind of men into whose hands to intrust the direction of a whole people's affairs, however ingenuously they may regret their impetuosity afterwards. "Be sure you are right before you go ahead" is a very good motto, but one which the distinguished candidate in question does not appear to have profited by.

One of the most beautiful and successful philanthropies in England, which, a year ago, grew out of the motherly, sheltering instinct of a warm-hearted Quakeress, whose whole life has been passed in helpful deeds of pity and love, is the establishment of a *creche*, or baby nursery, in London, where poor women who are compelled to work may leave their babies during the day, taking them home at night clean, happy and well fed. The children are not only looked after, but are taken into healthy surroundings and given companionship and amusement. No children could be better off. They are not in the mere charge of hired nurses, but are looked after with an ever-watchful charity. Mrs. Hilton, the originator of the plan and matron of the school, has surely taught ladies, in this country as well as in England, who want a charitable mission, where to find one. A cradle school in the neighborhood of every crowded street would soon tell on both the health and morals of the population. Such schools are now among the most pressing wants of the poorer classes, not only in Europe, but here in America.

Numerous complaints are made in the country papers of the ravages occasioned by blackbirds to the young fruits, with inquiries how to remedy the matter. Put four and twenty of them in a pie.

THE North Pacific Railroad Company deserves credit for the assistance it is rendering the General Government and the various co-operating societies, in the humane and sensible work of civilizing the Indian tribes of the Northwest, protecting them from fraud and abuse and furnishing them with opportunity and inducement to adopt habits of industry and fixed abodes. This company is giving employment to as many as possible of the Indians who are willing to work, has made arrangements for the purchase of the surplus products of those who will raise cattle and open farms on their reservations, and has promised to promote the establishment among them of schools, churches and whatever other agencies are calculated to foster their advancement in the arts of civilization and peace. This is sound policy. While experience has taught the fallaciousness of attempting the solution of the Indian question on mere rapid theories of sentimentalism, those of the tribes who are pacifically inclined should be encouraged and sustained in their efforts to establish permanent settlements, as well as protected against the incursions of hostile Indians and the lawless encroachments of unprincipled whites. Such tribes as prefer war should have their wish granted to the full extent, and those who desire to exchange their nomadic habits for steady pursuits should be protected in their rights and privileges at all hazards. This is due to the whites and Indians alike. The company in question is acting in accordance with a wise policy, and will doubtless find its account in it.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Chicago *Times*, writing from Peoria, testifies to a state of things which exists all over the country, the writer and paper both being Democrats of the first water: "I have had some opportunity to ascertain the feelings of the Democracy in this vicinity on this question, and must say that it that feeling is an indication of the support Greeley could command throughout the country, there is no more possibility of his election in November than there is that the Czar of Russia will be chosen for the same office. It is a fact that a few of those who aspire to the leadership of the Democratic party have given in a conditional adhesion to the Greeley ticket; they will vote for that as against the Philadelphia concern; and a still smaller number avow their determination to vote for Greeley and Brown in any event. It should also be stated that some Democrats prefer Grant to Greeley, and would support the former were the two only upon the track."

Causeless Depression.

This expression is often used, but it is manifestly absurd. Gloom and melancholy are not spontaneous. They are unnatural mental conditions and usually have corresponding causes. If there is no apparent reason for despondency, it is a symptom of physical disease. In nine cases out of ten the stomach, the liver and the bowels are responsible for the cloud which rests upon the brain. In all such cases immediate and permanent relief may be obtained by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. If the digestive organs are weak an invigorant is necessary; if the liver is disordered an alterative is required; if the bowels are constipated or irregular a gentle aperient is needed. In that famous vegetable remedy these three medicinal properties are commingled with several others of a scarcely less important character, and hence it speedily cures every species of hypochondria arising from material causes, by removing the causes themselves.

In the summer, when disorders of the stomach and bowels, bilious complaints and all diseases which affect the assimilating and secretive organs are especially prevalent, the importance of having this invaluable tonic, alterative and corrective in every dwelling, and within the reach of all who travel by land or water, cannot be over-estimated. As it is a staple article throughout the country it would be next to impossible to find a settlement, near or remote, unprovided with a stock of this famous vegetable restorative.

PURE WHITE LEAD.

Pure White Lead. Linseed Oil. Turpentine. Varnishes. Paints of all kinds. Sperm and Whale Oils. And at the Lowest Prices, at JOSEPH FLEMING'S Drug Store, No. 84 Market street, corner Diamond.

Where also may be obtained the purest Drugs and Medicines, selected particularly for family use; also Pure Wines and Brandies, guaranteed genuine, of my own importation.

JOSEPH FLEMING, No. 84 Market street, corner Diamond.

SIMMONS'S LIVER REGULATOR,
BROWN'S ESSENCE OF GINGER,
HORSFORD'S ACID PHOS.,
ROBINSON'S CORN PENCILS,
HOLMES'S EXT. BUCHU,
HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT,
KESTINE,
Received and for sale by
George A. Kelly & Co.,
Cor. First Avenue and Wood Street.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
NO. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
Chartered in 1862.
Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of Six Per Cent. compounded from 1st of June and 1st of each month, and if not withdrawn compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at office.
BOARD OF MANAGERS:
GEO. A. KELLY, President. A. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, Jno. S. Dilworth, F. Rahn, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Herman, Robert C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

DRY GOODS.
CHOICE GOODS AND LOW PRICES.
James Caldwell
HAS NOW IN STOCK A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
Llama Lace Sacques and Jackets,
Llama Lace Shawls,
Ottoman Shawls, Brocha Shawls,
Grenadine Shawls,
Black Barrege Shawls,
Black Hernanis, Pure Silk Warp,
Satin Stripe Black Hernanis and Grenadines,
Plain Black Silk Grenadines,
Black Wool Delaines,
Timese, Bombazine,
Mohairs and Alpacas,
Japanese Silk, new styles at low prices.
Summer Silks, a very large stock.
Black Silk of the most celebrated makes,
Ponson, Bonnet, Tapesier and Bellou.
Cheney Brothers' American Silk.
Chintzes, Prints and Percales.
Linen Schings and Ladies' Suits.
118 and 120 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY.

EDUCATIONAL.
Willard School,
28 SIXTH (late St. Clair) STREET.
The next Academic Year will Begin MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 2d,
And is divided into Two Sessions of Twenty Weeks each.
The School Hours are from 8:15 A. M. to 12:45 P. M. for Boys, and from 1:30 P. M. to 4:30 P. M. for Girls.
The Course of Study is the same in both Schools, and includes the Common and Higher English Branches, Latin, Greek and Modern Languages.
Classes in German, French and Italian daily.
Instruction of the highest order in Drawing, Painting and Music will be provided in the Girls' School.
For Course of Studies in the several Departments see Circular, to be had at the principal Bookstores.
Applicants for either School received on and after MONDAY, August 26th.
ISAAC W. KOONTZ, A. M., PRINCIPAL.
TThs
LAKE ERIE FEMALE SEMINARY,
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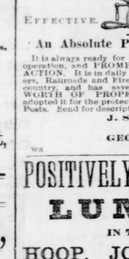

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We believe it the BEST and SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether arising from teething or any other cause.
Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and
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Makers of the celebrated STOCK HOUSE SCALE FOR FURNACES, Wrought Iron Lever, Railroad Track Scale, Composite Parallel Crane Beam, Heavy Rolling Mill Scale, Testing Machines of any capacity of remarkable accuracy. ☞ All work warranted.
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At Lowest Cash Prices.
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IT HAS NO EQUAL FOR BANISHING
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LAKE HOUSE,
STONEBORO,
MERCER COUNTY, PA.
This celebrated house, which has recently been entirely refurnished, will be open for the reception of guests on
Monday, June 10th, 1872.
Persons wishing to engage rooms or other information may be made or addressed to
SAMUEL ROSENBURG,
Stoneboro, Pa.
This favorite Summer Resort is delightfully situated a few rods from Sandy Lake, the most beautiful sheet of water in Pennsylvania, and is well stocked with fish and game of all kinds. A good Livery is also connected with this favorite resort.
Secure for health, as well as for recreation and fine Rural Scenery, will find in the Chalybeate Spring, on the grounds, all the virtues of tonic treatment found at the most celebrated watering places. By chemical analysis, one gallon of water was found to contain

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GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Money Loaned on Government Bonds at Lowest Market Rates.

☞Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

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AT ALLIANCE, OHIO, and will give careful and prompt attention to all business entrusted to them.

Special attention will be given to Collections in ALLIANCE, CANTON, MASSILLON, SALEM, LEETONIA, COLUMBIANA, NEW LISBON, and all other points in this part of Ohio.

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R. W. TEETERS, Cashier.

W. W. Morrison,

BANKER,

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TRANSACTS A

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BUYS AND SELLS

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Special attention paid to Collections in all parts of the country.

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Security Trust Co.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania,

NO. 64 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL,

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CHARTER PERPETUAL.

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DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Deposits Solicited and Interest Allowed on same. Dividends, Coupons, etc., Collected Without Charge.

ALL CLASSES OF SECURITIES

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

THE

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

BANKERS.

We offer for sale the following Local Securities at Par and Accrued Interest:

Pittsburgh City Water Bonds, 7 per cent. Interest;
Pittsburgh Penn Avenue Bonds, 7 per cent. Interest;
Ormsby Borough Bonds, 7 per cent. Interest;
Birmingham Market Bonds, 8 per cent. Interest;
Connellsville Railroad First Mortgage 6s at 86 and accrued interest.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Streets.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY EVENING, June 14, 1872.

—Money is to be had by good borrowers at rates ranging from eight to ten per cent. at bank counters, but outsiders have to pay rates beginning with nine and advancing with their necessities. Exchange is in good supply, passing between the banks at par, there being no redundancy yet accumulated. The National banks are breathing freely since the call and are discounting freely for customers.

—The market in such staples as cotton and wool is unsteady, with few transactions; an index to the future price of cotton is obtained in the difference of terms between October and January contracts, the market being firm for the longer time.

In the eastern market wool is quoted lower. It has not had the effect of bringing out buyers, but has rather encouraged them to hold off and await lower prices. Transactions at present figures are very limited, and large dealers confidently look for a decline. The effect will be to lengthen out the wool season for some months, rather than confine it to as many weeks, as last season, and to prevent the rapid and inconvenient movement of currency which periodically deranges this market.

—The Comptroller of New York city has awarded $949,000 city 7 per cent. bonds on proposals at from 103 to 103⅞. Is not the plan of receiving proposals for bonds worthy the attention of the Water Commission?

—Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co. report the following quotations of Government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cooke & Co., their correspondents:

	Morning.	Noon.	Evening.
U. S. Bonds of 1881	120¾	120⅝	120⅝
U. S. Bonds of 1862	114⅝	114⅝	114⅝
U. S. Bonds of 1864	114¼	114¼	114¼
U. S. Bonds of 1865	115⅜	115	115
U. S. Bonds of 1865 (new)	115¼	115⅛	115⅛
U. S. Bonds of 1867	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛
U. S. Bonds of 1868	117⅛	117⅛	117⅛
10-40s	111⅝	111⅝	111⅝
New 5s	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛
Gold	113⅞	113⅞	113⅞
Currency 6s	114¾	114¾	114¾

—James T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street, quote United States securities in New York to-day as follows:

Gold	113⅛
United States 6s of 1881	120¾
United States 5-20s of 1862	114¾
United States 5-20s of 1864	114¼
United States 5-20s of 1865	115⅜
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1865	115⅛
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1867	117⅛
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1868	117⅛
Union Pacific Railroad	113⅝
Central Pacific Railroad	114¾
Currency Pacifics	

—In the suit brought by Cornelius Vanderbilt to recover overdue interest coupons on bonds of the Boston, Hartford and Erie Railroad, which were guaranteed by the Erie road, Judge Daly has decided that the Erie road is responsible, and overrules the defendants' demurrer. As a consequence the Boston, Hartford and Erie bonds are quoted at 60. These bonds sold at 19 to 30 within sixty days: so their advance is equal to the famous Erie flight.

—At the opening of proposals for sales of 5-20s to the Treasury the total offerings were but $921,750, although $2,000,000 were advertised for, and of these but $47,850 were accepted, the rest of the bids being above par in gold. If the market for government bonds is sustained, the Secretary will be compelled to call in another lot of redeemable 5-20s, as he cannot purchase bonds at present prices.

—The following table shows the prices of railway stocks, gold, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day:

June 14, 1872.	10:30 A.M.	11:30 A.M.	12:30 P.M.	1:30 P.M.	2:30 P.M.	3:0 P.M.
Gold	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛
Erie	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞	25⅞
Western Union Tel	75⅞	75	75	75	75	75⅞
Pacific Mail	37	37	37	37	37	37
Pacific Mail	68⅝	68	68⅛	68	68⅛	68⅛
Adams Express	98	98	98	98	98	98
Wells Fargo Express	74½	74½	74½	74½	74½	74½
American Express	74½	75	75	75	75	75
United States Express	96	96	96	96	96	96
New York Central	96⅝	96⅝	96⅝	97	97	97
New York Central Scrip	80	80	80	80	80	80
Erie	60	60⅛	60⅛	60⅜	60⅜	60⅜
Reading						
Michigan Central						
Michigan Southern	95⅛	95⅛	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
Illinois Central		136		136	136	136
Cleveland and Pitts	91	91	91	91	91	91
Chicago and Northwest	71	70⅞	71⅛	71	71⅛	71⅛
do preferred	85	85	85	85	85	85
Rock Island	109⅝	109⅝	110	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞
St. Paul	37	37	37	37	37	37
do preferred	67	67	67	67	67	67
Wabash						
do preferred						
Fort Wayne	96	96	96	96	96	96
Ohio and Mississippi	45⅝	45⅝	45⅝	45	45⅛	45⅛
Chicago and Alton		115		114	115	115
do preferred				120		
Boston, Hartford & Erie	60	60	60	60	60	60
Hudson	97	97	97	97	97	97
New Jersey Central	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝
Union Pacific	38	38	38	38	38	38

—We have received the report of the Congressional Committee, appointed on motion of Mr. N. P. Banks to inquire into the affairs of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, which company received from Congress the enormous land grant of sixty million acres. The report is very creditable to the company and confirms the statements of their agents, who have been and are still selling its 7-30 gold bonds. From it we learn that the work has been thoroughly done, and that by the end of the year 317 miles of the main road will be in operation. The *Times*'s financial editor, in commenting on the report, says:

"The company have examined, plotted and classified of its lands in Minnesota and in Washington Territory, 1,578,000 acres; $4,914,000 of stock has been issued, representing 47,416 shares, held by 174 different share-owners, whose names are given. The Committee also find that the Northern Pacific Railroad Company offers to its bondholders several elements of security, and they go on to recite these, concluding by the statement that recent thorough and careful surveyings have left no room for doubt that the company's lands—agricultural, grazing, mineral and timber—are of excellent average quality, and with the road built through them they will possess a cash value, which will surely provide for the payment of the bonds for which they are now mortgaged."

Messrs. Bowen & Fox, brokers and members of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, furnish the following quotations of the closing prices to-day of the most active stocks:

Penn's Central	59½
Phila. and Erie	35
Lehigh Navigation	44⅛
Catawissa	46¾
Oil Creek & Alley R.	39⅝
Lehigh R. R.	63⅜
North Penn'a R. R.	57
United Cos's of N. J.	128
Schuylkill Navigat'n.	18⅜
Reading	61⅜

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, FRIDAY, June 14, 1872.

REMARKS.—Heavy rains fell up to noon to-day. We mention the fact not as an item of news, but for purpose of showing its effect upon the grain market. The genial showers have revived the parched fields, and they now give evidence that a fair crop will reward the husbandman for his labors. Such being the case, holders of wheat do not feel disposed to purchase a single bushel more than they require to meet the wants of their regular customers. Holders, on the other hand, are firm in the belief that prices will go no lower, but rather advance. Flour stocks are fully supplied, and for the present seem masters of the situation. Oats and corn are in large receipt, and the market may be reported dull. Groceries are more active. Flour is unchanged in price. Butter is a drug on the market. Eggs are a little firmer. The vegetable market is fully supplied. The following are the wholesale prices, unless otherwise noted. From store in a small way the usual advance is obtained:

ASHES—Soda ash, common, 4¾ @ cent., 4¾c; refined, 5¾ @ cent., 6¾c; nitrate soda, 5c; arsenic, 3½c @ ℔; pots, 10c; pearls, 11c @ ℔.

APPLES—The receipts are light, being only 26 bbls. Prices range from $3 to $3 @ bbl.

APPLE BUTTER—Fair to prime 65a70c @ gallon; choice 75c.

BUTTER—The market is overstocked and the market is dull and quotations difficult to get at; choice roll sold at 14a15c; good packed 10a12c per ℔.

BROOM CORN—Sales are made at 5a6c ℔.

BEANS—Holders are firm with a good local demand. We note sales at $2 75a3 00@3 25 @ bushel.

CHEESE—We quote as follows: Ohio flat, 1, 23 lbs: No. 2 @ 8 00; No. 3, $2 25; common @ 75a2 25 @ doz.

BAKING POWDER—We quote the Banner Baking Powder @ ℔ cans per doz. $1 75; @ ½ ℔ do @3 25; @ 1 ℔ do @5 25; @ 5 ℔ do @9 00; by the box @ ℔ 8½c.

BACON AND PROVISIONS—Hams are in large demand and prices have advanced to 2½c for canvassed. There are no uncanvassed in market. We quote the following as the ruling figures of the market: S. C. shoulders 8c; plain shoulders 7½c; S. C. hams 12½c; clear rib sides 8¾c; clear sides 8¾c; breakfast bacon 10¾a11c; dried beef 17½c; mess pork $14 50; lard in tierces 8¾c; do in bbl 9c; do in kegs 10c. Receipts, bacon tierces 35.

CHEESE—We have no change to note in prices. The receipts foot up 189 boxes. We continue to quote: Dairy 11a12c; Factory 13¾a14c; Goshen 14a15c.

COUNTRY CURED BACON—Hams 5a9c @ ℔; clear sides 6a8c @ ℔; shoulders 4¾a5c @ ℔; country lard 7¾a8c @ ℔ as per quality.

CARBON OIL—Round lots of standard brands are held at 19¾a20c; store sales were made at the usual advance.

CIDER—The market was steady with a good demand for Beeson's Phoenix Hydraulic, with sales at $4 00@4 25 @ bbl; Louisville @ 2 50@ 2½; Rosedale @4 50; Eagle @3 00; Johnstown @2 25; calculating shorter @4 50; land plaster @3 50@3 75 @ bush.

CORN MEAL—Sales regular at $1 25 @ bush.

CANNED Goods—Peaches, (3 lb cans) $8 00 a6 00@7 00@8 00; tomatoes, $4 50@5 00; corn @5 50 a6 00@7 00 @ case as per quality and favor of the brand.

CANDLES—Stearine, 14 ounces, at 13½c; full weight, 16c; star, 14 ounces, 18c; full weight 19½c.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Sales Pennsylvania at $5 50 @ case.

GROCERIES.—We have the pleasure of reporting a most decided improvement in trade over that of last week. The opening up of navigation and the cheering prospect for an abundant harvest has given a new life to business, and there is a stronger feeling as to the future than has been felt for a long time back. The farmer has been abundantly assured of the return of seed time and harvest, and hence the wholesale grocers prospect for doing a large summer trade is fully 50 per cent. better than it was six weeks ago. Coffees have advanced another ¼c eastward, and higher prices still are certain to rule ere the close of the month. The importers are having things all their own way, and we notice that the "bears" have but little to say as to the future of coffee. Sugars remain steady, but have all the premonitory symptoms of a sharp advance with in a very few days. Below will be found the ruling figures of the market:

Coffee—Rio, choice, 20a20½c; prime 20a20½c; good 19¾a19¾c; fair 19a19½c. Java 28c; prime roasted coffee, in 1-lb packages, 29c; loose 28c; lower grades 25a26c.

Refined Sugars—Standard Hards, 11¼c; A, 11¼c; Extra C 11¼c; C, yellow and Circle C 11¼c @ ℔. These quotations are for straight brands.

Raw Sugars—Choice New Orleans, 11a11½c; prime 10½c; good 10c; fair 9½c; choice Porto Rico, 10½c; prime 10¼c; Demerara, choice 11½c; good 11¼c.

Orleans Molasses—Choice 80c; prime 75c; good 70c; fair 65c.

Syrups—Union syrup 75c; H & E fancy 65c; H & E extra 60c; H & E No 1 55c; Launder 50c; common 35a45c.

Rice—Carolina, choice, 9½c; prime, 9¼c; good, 9c; Rangoon, 8a8½c; Patna, 8¾a9c.

Spices—Grain pepper, 24c; do Pimento, 16c; Cassia 50c; cloves, 25c; nutmegs $1 25.

EGGS—Sales were made in a small way at 16c per dozen. Market steady.

FEATHERS—Sales of No 1 at 78a80c; in round lots with the usual advance from stores. Mixed lots ranged from 60a65c @ ℔.

FLOUR—We have no change to note in prices, and quote as follows: Spring wheat $5 15a9 00@5 25 per bbl; winter wheat $5 25@7 00. The receipts were 1,217 bbls.

GRAIN—As above remarked, the grain market is somewhat demoralized, and both buyers and sellers are at sea as to the future of the market. We care not to speculate on what may come to pass, but when the differences in the views of the parties interested are so settled we have a word to say, and that meantime the genial rains are reviving the crops, and husbandmen are more hopeful. We quote red winter wheat at $1 90@1 95 @ bush. White $1 95 per bushel. Oats—receipts heavy and market dull and drooping; white is held at 56c; mixed 48c per bushel. Corn—market very dull; we are reporting a sale of car lot prime yellow at 67c. Rye—the market is weaker and sales have been made at 95c a $1 00 @ bushel.

HAY—We note sales of baled on the wharf and from country $25a28 @ ton.

HORS—Sales at 65a70c @ ℔ for '71s.

HUSKS—The demand is fair at former quotations—2¼a2½c.

LARD OIL—Steady, with a few sales at 80c for extra No 1; 65a70c for No 2 @ gallon.

LIME—Cleveland white $2; Easton $1 75 @ bbl.

MILL FEED—Middlings $1 80a2 00; seconds $1 45a1 60; short $1 15; chopped corn and oats $1 50; chopped corn $1 40; bolted corn meal 75c.

OIL BARRELS—Iron hooped $1 25a1 80.

POULTRY—Sales by the coop at Diodati @ pair.

POTATOES—Prices show a wide range, from 35 to 50c per bush.

PEA NUTS—Large sales at 8½c, with the usual advance from store.

RAGS—In good supply with sales at 4a4¼c.

SALT—By the car load at $1 85; store $2 @ @ bbl.

TALLOW—We quote sales of rendered 7¼a8c.

WHISKY—Market firm. We quote high wines at 92a93 @ gallon.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, June 15, 1872.

REMARKS—The market since our last has undergone no quotable change, from the fact that holders are not in the humor to make any further concessions, they prefer to wait and take no chances. The stock in first hands is ample for all ordinary purposes. The asking rates are as follows:

CRUDE.

We quote spot at 10c, at which figure several large lots changed hands. Parker's is quoted at $3 85. For prices in other parts of the oil regions see our dispatches.

REFINED.

The market was entirely devoid of animation. We quote spot for eastern delivery at 22½c; June 22¾c. We did not learn of any transactions.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

TITUSVILLE, June 14.—The *Courier* says: The market continues weak. Sales as follows:

800 bbls upper road, spot		@8 97½
1,000 bbls upper road, June		4 07½
2,000 bbls upper road, all 1872		4 49
1,000 bbls upper road, spot		3 92½
1,000 bbls upper road, spot		3 90
1,000 bbls upper road, spot		3 95
400 bbls lower road, spot		3 90
500 bbls lower road, spot		3 90
1,000 bbls Oil City, spot		4 00

NEW YORK, June 14, closing 13th.—Market unchanged and demand fair; sales of 1,000 bbls prompt delivery at 22½; 7,000 bbls B. O. June at 23c; 6,000 bbls B. O. July at 23c, closing at 23½c. Crude in bulk 12c; cases 28½a29c. Philadelphia dull and in buyer's favor, and demand small; refined 22¾c for spot; sales 2,000 bbls for June at 22½c; 1,000 bbls B. for last half of August 23½c. Crude in shipping order 17¾c.

PHILADELPHIA, June 14.—Market quiet; S. W. 22½a22¾c; crude 12½c; cases 28c; sales none. Futures: July 22¾a22¾c.

PETROLEUM CENTER, June 14.—Market quiet and a little lower; sales at $3 95.

ROUSEVILLE, June 14.—Market quiet and dull at $3 90.

TITUSVILLE, June 14.—Spot quiet at $4 02½.

OIL CITY, June 14.—Market quiet and firm; ordinary on lower road $3 95; 47 gravity at Oil City $4 12½a4 15.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Line.]

ROUSEVILLE, June 14.—Market quiet and firm at $4 00a4 15.

PETROLEUM CENTER, June 8.—Market quiet; spot held at $3 97a3 00. No sales.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Refined 23c; crude in bulk 13a13½c. Nothing doing.

PHILADELPHIA, June 14.—Spot and June 22¾c; first half July 22¾c; last half July 22¾c; August 23c; market dull and nothing doing.

Crude Oil Received by A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Barrels.
J Bushnell	Crystal Oil Works	296
Wm Stewart	Sunbeam Oil Works	80
Fisher Bros	Standard Oil Works	80
J Bushnell	Standard Oil Works	160
H S Duncan	Crystal Oil Works	80
J Bushnell	Brilliant Oil Works	80
Fisher Bros	Kier's Oil Works	160
Thomas King	Brilliant Oil Works	80
Owner	American Oil Works	80
Wm Stewart	Commercial Oil Works	80

Crude Oil Received by Rail and River.

	Bbls.		Bbls.
Crystal Oil Works	104	Sunbeam Oil Works	80
Standard Oil Works	548	Brilliant Oil Works	80
Kier's Oil Works	320	American Oil Works	80
Commercial Oil Works	80		
Total			2,408

Shipments of Refined Oil East via A. V. R. R., W. P. R. R. and P. R. R.

WEST PENN JUNCTION, June 13, 1872.

Standard Oil Co, 512 barrels to Warden, F & Co, Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 930 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Vesta Oil Works, 800 bbls to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

I. Irwin & Co., 568 bbls to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

John Spear & co, 111 bbls to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

Citizens Oil Company, 691 bbls to Tack Bros & Co, Philadelphia.

C Beggs & Co, 52 bbls to C C Beggs & Co, New York.

Total.....4,064

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, June 14.—Wheat dull and declined 2a3c; amber Michigan opened at $1 02 and closed at $1 81. No 2 red $1 84. Corn 1a2c lower; high mixed 52c; low mixed 51½c; yellow 52½c. Michigan 53c; no grade 46½c. Oats 1c lower; No 2 42a42½c; No 2 40c. Pork and lard nominally unchanged.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, June 14.—Flour quiet. Wheat steady at $1 47; No 2 $1 40. Oats steady; No. 2 61c. Corn quiet and dull; No 2 mixed 45c. Rye dull and declined; No 1 70c. Barley quiet; No 2 fall 85c.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, June 14.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Grain extremely dull and unchanged; nothing done. Refined petroleumirm and steady; held at 20½a22c in car lots, 21½a22c in trade lots.

Detroit Market.

DETROIT, June 14.—Wheat dull and lower; extra $1 98; No 1 $1 89a1 90; amber $1 81. Corn firm at 52c. Oats dull and lower at 39c.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE PIG IRON AND BLOOM MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, June 15, 1872.

The condition of the metal market is about the same it has been for several weeks past. The transactions during the week have been extremely light, at about the same prices as reported in our last review of the market.

The mills and foundries in the city and vicinity generally, have stocks of crude irons on hand sufficient to supply their wants for some time to come. We therefore cannot look for a more active trade until these stocks are used up, and the consumers are again in the market for new supplies. We are reported the following sales:

Anthracite.

60 tons A No. 1 foundry	$52 00@4 mos
30 tons No. 2 foundry	51 00@4 mos
30 tons No. 2 foundry	51 00@4 mos
10 tons No. 2 foundry	52 00@4 mos

Bituminous Coal Smelted from Lake Superior Ore.

50 tons No. 1 forge	$55 00@4 mos

Charcoal.

25 tons foundry	$57 07@4 mos
50 tons extra forge	60 00@4 mos
10 tons extra forge	60 00@4 mos

Receipts of Blooms, Pig Metal, and Ore.

Following are the receipts of metal for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. CO., LESSEE.

Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	8	Lewis, O & P, m	3
J W Hubbell, m	2	Graff & McC, o	3
Graff & McC, o	7	Isabella Furnace Co, o	6
Shoenberger B & Co, o	3	Pittsburgh Forge Co, o	1
Total			44

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	4	J W Porter, m	1
J Moorhead, m	4	J Reamer, m	2
Total			8

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS R. R.

Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	3	

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

Cars.		Cars.
Shoenberger B & Co, o	2	Pittsburgh Bolt Co., o	2
Total			4

IRON MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

June 13.—American pig—Within the past day or two the price of iron has materially advanced. No. 1 foundry can be had of Lehigh brands for less than $52, and some holders will not sell under $55. This is true of some who a few days ago offered their iron at $50. There is no considerable quantity of iron to be had for prompt delivery, and those who have such iron for sale can almost command their own price. That the market should be so bare of stock a-d so firm at this time shows how little hope there is of low prices for a good while. We quote nominally $52 for No 1 Lehigh foundry, and $50a51 for No 2. An offer of $50 for a very large quantity of Iron for delivery in August, September and October has been refused by the companies. The Grate Company bought back on Saturday 1,500 tons from a purchaser early in the season, paying full market prices. These facts show the scarcity of iron and the confidence of the producers.

Scotch Pig—During the week the market has been large, and although three-quarters of the iron was sold previous to arrival, a decline of 50c per ton on the market greatly to depress it. Glengarnock is held for some nominally at $49, but can be bought for $47 50a48. Eglinton is offered at $46 50.—*Iron Age.*

YOUNGSTOWN.

June 13.—There are no changes in the pig iron market, and the indications seem to be strengthening that there will be none so far as the red short iron produced in the Mahoning Valley is concerned. Some grades of metal appear to be weakening, and to show the effect of the attempt made at Pittsburgh to bring down the price. But the product of this valley is in limited supply compared to that further off, and the comparatively small supply of Lake Superior ore will be likely to keep it so. For the first half of the year, from April 1 to July 1, the bid fair to remain so, and in a short time we expect to see prices go considerably higher than the ruling figure for the first-named. There have been no sales below our figures quoted last week, and they are still correct.—*Courier.*

New York Finance and Trade

Gold Closed at 113⅞@113⅞.

NEW YORK, June 14—P. M.

MONEY.

Money easy at 4a5 per cent.

GOLD.

Gold dull at 113⅛@113⅜. Loans were from ⅝ to 5 @ cent. for carrying. Clearings $34,000,000.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange steady at 109¾a109⅞.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments dull and steady at the following rates:

Coupons 1881	120½	5-20s, 1867	117⅝
5-20s, 1862	114½	5-20s, 1868	117⅝
5-20s, 1864	114¼	10-40's	111⅝
5-20s, 1865	115⅜	Currency 6s	114¾
5-20s, 1865, new	116⅛	New 5s	113

STATE BONDS.

State bonds quiet and weak.

Missouris	97	Virginias, old	43
Tennessees, old	73	North Carolinas, old	32¾
Tennessees, new	73	North Carolinas, new	21½
Virginias, new	59		

THE STOCK MARKET.

Stocks opened weak and feverish, and sold down in some cases one per cent from the call. At the first board a reaction set in and prices advanced from ⅛ to 1 per cent. The weakest stock has been Pacific Mail, and the strongest Erie. In the miscellaneous list Quicksilver sold up 2¾ per cent. The market closed dull and steady, with a slight improvement at the close.

Western Union	75⅜	St. Paul	53⅛
Erie	25⅞	do pref	77⅛
Adams Express	98	Toledo & Wabash	28½
Wells, Fargo & Co	74½	do pref	86
American Ex. div	75	Fort Wayne	96
United States	86½	Terre Haute	20
Pacific Mail	68⅝	do pref	50
N. Y. Central	97⅛	Chicago & Alton	114
N. Y. Central scrip	97	do pref	117
Erie	60⅜	Ohio & Mississippi	45⅝
do pref	78	C. C. & C	93½
Harlem	129	Burlington & Quincy	130
do pref	130	Lake Shore	95⅝
Michigan Central	119	Panama	25
Illinois Central	136	Indianapolis & Cin	56
Cleveland & Pitts	91	Union Pacific	37½
Chicago & Northwest	71	do pref	67
do pref	85	Pacific of Missouri	34
Rock Island	109⅝	N. Y. & New Haven	140
Northwestern	71⅜	Union Pacific Land Grants	93
do pref	85¾	Land Bonds	104⅛
Rock Island	109⅞	Union	93⅛
N. J. Central	109⅛	Del. Lack. & Westn.	98½

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, June 14, 1872.

FLOUR—Quiet and unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat dull and prices unchanged and lower. No 2 spring closed at $1 48@1 48¼; seller July, $1 48¾; seller July. Corn dull; No 2 mixed 45c; regular 45⅝c; fresh; spot 44⅝a44¾c; seller July; seller August 44¾c. Yellow 45½c. Oats firm; No 2 at 31c; special houses; cash 35c, seller July. Rye dull at 71a72c. Barley quiet.

WHISKY—Dull at 85c.

PROVISIONS—Quiet. Bulk shoulders sold at 4¼c loose.

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, June 14.—Cloudy and rainy; warm. River rising steadily. Arrived—Legal Tender, 3 bbls river. Departed—Belle of Louisville, Vicksburg; Lady Lee, Jno. F. Moore, St. Louis; Continental, Orleans; St. Louis; Turner, New Orleans; Andy Batm, Cincinnati; Pat, Cheatham, Little Rock.

For Latest River Dispatches See Outside.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

C. Bennett	Z. W. Carmack	Geneva.
Izabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Virginia	Houghton	Virginia.
Minnesota	June 19	Liverpool.
Wisconsin	June 19	Liverpool.
Partilla	June 22	Liverpool.
Anglia	June 22	Glasgow.
Great Western	June 25	Bristol.
Idaho	June 26	Liverpool.
India	June 29	Glasgow.
Rousseau	June 29	France.
Manhattan	July 3	Liverpool.
Ville de Paris	July 13	France.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Greensboro, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

GREENSBORO, Pa., June 14, 1872.

River stationary, with three and a half feet of water in the channel. Weather cloudy; thermometer 64 at 6 P. M. F.

Brownsville, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BROWNSVILLE, Pa., June 14, 1872.

River stationary, with five and a half feet water in the channel. Weather cloudy; thermometer 67 at 6 P. M. C.

Wheeling, W. Va.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WHEELING, W. Va., June 14, 1872.

Heavy rains last night and at intervals to-day; weather cloudy and cool. The towboats are actively passing down to-day. The Key West, for Fort Benton, left at 3 P. M.; the Express for Parkersburg, at 11 A. M.; the Hudson arrived from Cincinnati at 2 P. M.; the Lacy Bertram passed up for Pittsburgh at 5 P. M. River eight feet eight inches and falling. M.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 14.—Arrived—City of Helena, Vicksburg; Tidal Wave, Dubuque; Wolf, Peoria; Sheridan, St. Paul; Johnson, Keokuk; Baker, Lasalle. Departed—Dubuque, St. Paul; Princess, Cincinnati; Belle Memphis, Memphis; Johnson, Keokuk; Dictator, Cairo; Wild Cat, Ohio River. River falling slowly. Clear and cool.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, June 14.—Cloudy and rainy; warm. River rising steadily. Arrived—Legal Tender, 3 bbls river. Departed—Belle of Louisville, Vicksburg; Lady Lee, Jno. F. Moore, St. Louis; Continental, Orleans; St. Louis; Turner, New Orleans; Andy Batm, Cincinnati; Pat, Cheatham, Little Rock.

For Latest River Dispatches See Outside.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

C. Bennett	Z. W. Carmack	Geneva.
Izabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Abrams	Abrams	Geneva.
Virginia	Houghton	Virginia.
Carrie Brooks	Darlington	Wheeling.
Argosy	Goodwin	Cincinnati.
Granite State	Kerr	Portsmouth.

Monongahela five feet ten inches.

Boats to Leave To-day.

Brownsville and Geneva—S. A. M. and 5 P. M.

Elizabeth.....Elizabeth. | Key West.....Fort Benton.
Geneva.....West Virginia, Donaldson, 3 P. M.
St. Louis.....Mollie Ebert, 5 P. M.

The marks last evening indicated five feet ten inches, and about at a stand; it will probably be rising this morning. Trade on the landing was moderately active.

AMONG the finest boats due is the Messenger, Capt. Shuman.

THE steamer Carrie Brooks left for Wheeling with a fair trip.

THE Granite State, Capt. Kerr, left for Portsmouth with a good trip.

THE packet Argosy, Capt. B. F. Goodwin, left for Cincinnati with an excellent trip.

THE first-class packet Mollie Ebert, Capt. G. W. Ebert, is loading for Cairo and St. Louis. This boat and her officers are just the kind we like to recommend.

THE lawsuit between the Richmond and Sasine, for damages caused by collision last spring, has been continued at New Orleans until the November term.

THE towboat Wild Duck on Thursday evening grounded a large raft of iron ore on Mercutan's bar. It is said to be lying in a very bad shape, but is being lightened.

A BARGE of coal—22,000 bushels—which the Ajax had in tow from Louisville to New Orleans, ran ashore at Island Thirty-nine, Thursday, and became a total wreck.

THE Mary Davage and barges are in port, receiving for St. Louis and way points, and will depart on Monday, at 4 P. M. Shippers should take advantage of this fact.

THE well known packet West Virginia, Captain Donaldson, takes her departure this day at 3 P. M. for Brownsville and way landings. For freight or information call on or address S. R. Patterson on the wharfboat.

MR. but two of the coal barges of the Evan Williams, left on Merriman bar on Wednesday afternoon, are now afloat. Workmen are engaged in taking the cargo out of the boats now on the bar, preparatory to the SAVINGS, DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT BANK.

THE Louisville *Commercial* of Thursday says: Captain Packet yesterday succeeded in putting through the canal two of his fine barges laden with coal boats, which will be towed to his yards at Arkansas City and Natchez for the year's trade.

THE U. S. Mail packets on the slackwater leave daily at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. These boats are sidewheelers, and were built expressly for the trade, and are fitted up in the most elegant style. For further information call on Captain A. S. Carlile on the wharfboat.

JAMES HOWARD, Esq., the famous Jeffersonville steamboat builder, has been in Cincinnati during the past few days for the purpose of consulting with Theodore H. Scowden, Esq., with regard to the final coal locks he is building, and which are nearly completed.

BEESON'S CEMENT.—Mr. C. B. Leech, No. 155 First avenue, agent for Beeson's Cement, informs us that he has put down prices to $2

THE VERY LATEST.

THE Y. M. C. A.

International Convention at Lowell, Massachusetts.

LOWELL, MASS., June 14.—At the evening session of the Young Men's Christian Association fraternal addresses were delivered by Rev. Dr. Banks, of Kitchburg, and Professor Milligan, of Aberdeen, Scotland, Rev. John Marshall Lang also delivered an address. The topic presented was the temptations of young men. The speakers were Hon. C. Brainard, of New York, Joseph Anderson, of Waterbury, Connecticut, Rev. J. G. Joyce, of Philadelphia, and H. P. Floyd, of Cincinnati. Mr. Lathrop, of New Jersey, spoke in favor of opening the public libraries on the Sabbath, and the suppression of liquor selling, houses of bad fame, and gambling houses.

In the Young Men's Christian Association Convention this morning a resolution was offered by Rev. T. A. Finley, of Pennsylvania, to the following effect: That this International Young Men's Christian Association Convention pledges itself to resist to the utmost all attempts that may be made to exclude the Word of God from the public schools of the nation, and that where it is temporarily excluded, we will use special effort to put the Bible in every Roman Catholic family. Considerable discussion was excited by the proposition, and among other speakers G. G. Strout made an argument in opposition to the resolution, maintaining that the country is a free one where no trammels of sect should be established, or attempts at undue religious prescience sustained. These expressions were greeted with hisses, mingled with faint applause, from every quarter of the house, and great excitement prevailed. The efforts of the presiding officer and the good judgment of some of the delegates quelled the excitement, and an apology was made for the acts of disapproval, and Mr. Strout concluded his remarks. The resolution was passed, when the topic, "Lectures and Lectures," was treated by the Rev. Mr. Martin, of New York.

At the afternoon session the standing committee reported a series of resolutions, the first indorsing the *Association Monthly* as the official organ of the Association, and authorizing the Executive Committee to provide for the publication in its present form, and it deemed expedient to make a weekly issue, &c. The resolution called out a long debate. Mr. Cowdries, of Detroit, thought in its present form it was read by but few, taking as it does yearly reports of the societies and advertisements. It was not read by the masses, and was not worth ten cents a ton. Mr. Frink wanted an organ to make a prominent feature of proper literature, for a news stand selling the current morbid literature of the day was worse than the beer saloons. Mr. Brainard, of the Executive Committee, said if a tithe of the money expended in the erection of public edifices and elegant rooms throughout the country had been appropriated in this direction, a far different state of affairs would have been realized. A member thought that an active daily of ten thousand circulation would be worth more to the Association than a million of the monthlies as now conducted. He wanted a paper that would be sought after by saints, and that children would cry for. The resolution was finally passed, and a resolution to appoint an Executive Committee for three years introduced. Considerable difference of opinion arose. The report embodied all members up to the present time of the Association. New York, Mr. Anderson, from Boston, thought other places than New York entitled to it. Cincinnati had money and brains, and so had other cities. He wanted an infusion of new blood. Mr. Ewing followed and desired new blood, and moved an additional three, one each from Cincinnati, Philadelphia and Boston. Mr. Martin, of Brooklyn, said that although conscious to the city of New York, the Brooklyn Association are unable to find out anything from the executive in New York. Mr. Brainard replied that as the committee of nominations were concerned, he had never yet been able to get the man he wanted for President of the Association. Mr. Miller made a happy reply. The resolution as reported was passed. The following are the names of the committee-men: Messrs. Charles Brainard, W. Lee, Jas. Stokes, Jr., Timothy G. Gallowar, Jr., Tuos. Cochrane, Jr., and Boswell Miller. Various other resolutions were acted on relative to general business, and to-morrow fixed as the time for subscription to the organ of the Association. All the little unpleasantness a were amicably adjusted after adjournment.

CUBAN FILIBUSTERING.

Three Expeditions En Route, Under the Lead of Gen. Ryan—The Reported Plan of Operations.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—The daily morning *Chronicle* to-day contains an account of what is proposed to be done under the lead of Gen. Ryan, who left on the steamer Fannie for Cuba. The plan of operations is stated to be: On disembarking Gen. Ryan will first rally the coast guards and immediately dispatch a fleet runner to the interior of the island to announce to the Cubans, already aware of the approaching army, of his arrival, and will with all expedition get together the largest force he can for the purpose of protecting the landing of two expeditions which follow him without delay. Three steamers put to sea on the same day, each one having the same destination, but the Fannie will reach the rendezvous some little time in advance of the others. The entire force amounts to full twelve hundred men, and all of them completely armed and equipped. Gen. Ryan will remain on the coast and and expects to have within forty-eight hours of his landing at least five thousand true Cubans rallied to his standard and ready armed to make a fight, if necessary, for the protection of the disembarkation of the men from the two other steamers. More expeditions are to follow the one already started, and strong hopes are entertained that the great object will be accomplished between now and the Presidential election. The Fannie has on board 2,000 Remington breech-loading rifles, 5,000 Enfield rifles, 500 Winchester carbines, 3,000 Colt's navy revolvers, 2,900,000 rounds ammunition, a battery of six field-pieces, and three tons of powder, together with a great amount of saddles, bridles, medical stores and clothing.

THE TURF.

Closing Day of the Mansfield Racing Association.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MANSFIELD, O., June 14, 1872.

The attendance at the races to-day was better than at any previous day. The first race, running, open to all, was easily won by Bastion; time 1:59, 2:03¼. In the second race, open to 2:40 horses, Jane Coombs, Lady Gray, Lucretia Borgia, Doe and Inchworm started. Jane Coombs won the race in three straight heats: time 2:47, 2:49½, 2:50¾. Lucretia Borgia and Inchworm taking the second and third premiums. The third race, trotting, open to all, purse $800, was hotly contested. Joe Hooker, Silverside, Susie L. and Black Mack started, Black Mack being the favorite. Joe Hooker took the race, Silverside coming in second: time 2:37, 2:41, 2:39¾. The association expect to have another meeting some time during August.

POLITICAL.

A Straight Democratic Ticket.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The Jefferson Democratic General Committee of Brooklyn passed resolutions favoring a straight Democratic ticket at Baltimore, and have appointed Messrs. Sweetman—A Ticket Nominated.

ALTOONA, PA., June 14.—The State Temperance Convention met here to-day. The platform, first, approves of the action of the Convention of the 5th August, 1871; second, affirms the proceedings of the National Prohibition party at Columbus, Ohio, 22d February, 1872; third, declares the traffic in liquor as a beverage inimical to the best interests of society and demands its suppression by law; fourth, resolves against the great danger arising from the competition of the ruling party for the liquor vote; fifth, pledges the adoption of political measures, but not at the sacrifice of moral means; sixth, invites the co-operation of all other bodies to rescue the State from the dominion of intemperance. The remaining resolutions recognize the duty of protecting American industry, justice to women as voters and equality of labor with capital, and express confident reliance on the blessing of the Almighty God. The following nominations were made for Governor: S. B. Chase, of Susquehanna county; Supreme Judge, Joseph Buffington, of Washington county; Auditor General, Barr Spangler, of Lancaster county; Congressman-at-Large, George F. McFarland, A. J. Clark and B. Rush Bradford.

Missouri Liberals Waiting to See What Turns Up at Baltimore.

ST. LOUIS, June 14.—The Liberal State Committee held a meeting to-day, at which the subject of holding a State Convention was discussed, and it was decided not to call one until after the Baltimore Convention. Senator Schurz and Gov. Brown were present. Both made speeches, in which they advised a conciliatory course towards the Democrats.

Close of the Canadian Parliament.

OTTAWA, CANADA, June 14.—To-day Lord Lisgar closed the last session of the present Canadian Parliament with the usual formalities. In his speech he said the adoption of the article of the treaty of Washington which relates to the Canadian fisheries shows the determination of members to share the fortunes of England. He spoke in the most favorable terms of the project to build a railroad to the Pacific, approved heartily of the system of canals for the improvement of the St. Lawrence and auxiliary canals, and congratulated the country on the prosperous condition of the revenue, and on having been enabled to diminish the burdens of the people by repealing the duty on tea and coffee. He concluded with thanks for the joint address with which he had been honored on the eve of his departure, and expressed the hope that the cordial understanding which prevails between Canada and the mother country may be constant and unimpaired for generations to come.

CITY MATTERS.

Letters Held for Postage, June 14th, 1872.

	Cents.
Holly & Lee, Philadelphia, Pa.	3
Geo. B. Schuite, Cincinnati, Ohio	3
Miss Emma J. Ross, Crabtree, Pa.	3
Miss Mary Martin, Saltsburg, Pa.	3
Will Pryor, Kellogg, Ohio	3
Dominic Carr, Cleveland, Ohio	3

JOHN H. STEWART, P. M.

Suicide of Captain Gillespie.

Yesterday information was received in the city to the effect that Captain Alexander Gillespie, a farmer residing near Bakerstown, committed suicide on Tuesday last. The deceased was a Captain during the late war, but since his return home he had been rather intemperate. He lived on a farm near Bakerstown. It is said that during the past week he had been rather low spirited, and on Tuesday evening while at his own house he procured a pistol and shot himself, the wound proving fatal in a very short time. The deceased was married and leaves a wife and one child.

J. G. SLEATES, foreman of the Salt Lake City *Evening Herald*, has been in the city for several days, looking through our manufacturing establishments. He brings with him orders for Pittsburgh manufactures to the amount of half a million dollars.

New York Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Beeves, 5,000 on sale, making 7,700 for the week, against 7,900 last week. The market was more active, all State and fresh lots selling at about ½c advance; a car, 5c, Indiana, at 12c; 5 cars Illinois, 7¾ cwt, 12c; 3 cars prime, 5¾ cwt, 12¾a13¼c; 2 cars Texans, 6¾ cwt, 12c; 8 cars cwt, 12¾a13¼c; 2 cars Texans, 6¾ cwt, 12c; 8 cars cwt, 12¾a13¼c; 2 cars Texans, 6¾ cwt, 12c; 8 cars cwt, 12¾a13¼c; 2 cars Texans, 6¾ cwt, Indiana, at 12c; 5 cars Illinois, 7¾ cwt, 12c; 3 cars prime, 5¾ cwt, 12¾a13¼c; 2 cars Texans, 6¾ cwt, 12c; 8 cars cwt, 12¾a13¼c; 2 cars Texans, 6¾ cwt, 12c. Freights higher.

Sheep and lambs—4,000 to-day, and 15,300 since Saturday, against 13,000 last week. Market dull, nearly 5,000 sheep sold at 5¾a6¾c. Lambs are also lower, western selling at 8¾a10c, and Jerseys 10¾a12c; a few extra at 13c. Calves, 1,200; 9c; 80 Ohio, 46 lbs, 9c; 12c; 50 Kentucky do, 54 lbs, 9c; 90 Ohio, 46 lbs, 9c; 3 cars Ohio sheep, 83 lbs, 6c; car, 92 lbs, 5¼c; car, 83 lbs, 6¾c.

Hogs—The receipts were 31 cars to-day, making 36,000 since Saturday, against 27,500 last week. Market weak at 5¾c@5¾c for dressed.

Buffalo Live Stock Market.

BUFFALO, June 14.—Cattle—Receipts to-day, including cars to arrive, 1,530, making the total supply for the week 7,990, of 470 cars, against 6,95 last week. Market dull, there being but little stock in the yards and few buyers. The low prices ruling in the eastern markets has acted as a danger on all operations. Sales of 69 Illinois steers, 1,153 to 1,373 lbs, $6 62a6 80; 35 Texas steers, 1,173 lbs, $6 12½; 19 Ohio steers, 1,172 lbs, $6 10. Sheep—Receipts 2,800. Market closed dull at about 25; five or six decks remain in the yards to be shipped east in first hands. Hogs—Receipts 1,300. Market dull and flat at $4a4 20. Very little stock in pens for sale; the only sale was 346 Missouri 188 lbs at $4 50.

Albany Live Stock Market.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 14.—Cattle dull and quiet; prices ½a¾c higher, former for medium and latter for best, which are scarce. The market ranges from 6¼a7½c. Receipts sheep larger than last week; demand moderate and prices rather firmer, ¼ to ½c lower. Sheep are quoted at 6a7½c; lambs 9a12c.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.

Meeting of the Diocesan Convention.

The meeting of the Convention of the Diocese of Pittsburgh, was called at St. Paul's Church, Erie, Wednesday at 10 o'clock.

The sermon was preached by the Rev. B. F. Brooke, D. D., after which the Bishop admitted to the order of priesthood the Rev. Boyd Vincent and the Rev. Samuel D. McConnel, a number of the clergy assisting in the laying on of hands.

After the admission of delegates, the Convention proceeded to business. St. Andrew's Church, Pittsburgh, was not represented.

Mr. Burgwin presented the charter of the Church of the Good Shepherd, of Pittsburgh. Mr. Spaulding presented the charter of the Cross and Crown Parish, of Erie, and the charter of All Saints Parish, Pittsburgh, all of which were, on motion, referred to the Committee on Admission.

Rev. Dr. Preston explained why the Parish of St. Andrews was unrepresented. No one would come because it was uncertain whether they would be admitted, on account of the difficulty in 1867, about the assessment. The parish had paid $200 and the speaker reported $40 for Convention expenses. Dr. Kirkkelly moved that arrearages be wiped out. The Bishop referred to the Journal of the Fourth Convention which reported "previous to 1868 all settlements were cancelled so far as relates to admission of delegates," and asked if the Convention would decide that the report of arrearages should be admitted.

Mr. E. P. Jones moved that all these assessments be stricken from the books of the Treasurer.

Mr. Josiah King insisted that there was no impropriety in St. Andrews being assessed as it was. He moved as an amendment, that a committee of three be chosen by the Rector of St. Andrews.

Mr. Hill Burgwin moved as an amendment to Mr. King's motion, that the Finance Committee hear all charges against parishes for assessments, with reference to assessments due previous to 1868 and report to this session, such as were represented, and afterwards upon application by parishes. Adopted.

Nominations for officers were then made, the rule requiring printed tickets to be used having been suspended. The officers of last year were generally renominated. The election was made the order for Thursday morning.

PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE.

The Music Contest Last Night.

Last evening a very large audience was present in the chapel of the Pittsburgh Female College, on the occasion of the musical contest for the McKee and Mellor prizes. Not alone was every seat occupied, but the aisles and the lobbies adjacent to the chapel were crowded with ladies and gentlemen, while not less than one hundred persons left the College unable to gain admission. Shortly before eight o'clock the exercises of the evening were opened with a voluntary on the organ by Prof. Bissener. Rev. T. M. Bayle then eloquently addressed the Throne of God.

The regular programme of the contesting class was then inaugurated by a solo on the piano, "Dramatati," by Miss Ella Campbell. Solos were also performed on the instrument, and a square Knave, furnished by Mrs. Charlotte Rumsey, by Miss Jennie Finley. Miss S. S. Darrah, Miss Nettie Brown and Miss Lizzie Stewart, from Cincinnati, Philadelphia and Sue Andrews, Miss Mary Unger, Miss Lizzie Reimensnieder, and Miss Jennie Farley. Where all did so well, and so thoroughly delighted the audience, it would be invidious to criticize the several efforts.

Profs. Carle Grebe and De Ham were the judges, who, after a short consultation, awarded the vocal music prize to Miss Lizzie Reimensnieder, and the instrumental music prize to Miss S. S. Darrah. The latter performed a very difficult piece of music, "Prayer of Moses," in a masterly manner, showing some exquisite fingering and a delicacy of touch of the most approved character. Miss Reimensnieder sang an Italian selection, "Inodi e Modi," in a happy manner. Particularly was the young lady's trilling admired by the audience.

During the absence of the committee Miss Kate Brewster, the accomplished vocal teacher of the college, by request, favored the audience by singing "Home Sweet Home," and in response to an enthusiastic encore, "The Last Rose of Summer." Miss Maggie Smith and Miss Mary Unger then performed an instrumental duet, "Le Reve," and in response to an encore, Miss Mary Unger, assisted by Miss Leonard, in a few neat but eloquent remarks handed the prizes to the successful contestants. The Rev. Dr. Herron, President of the College, in his usual felicitous manner addressed the audience, thanking those present for their attendance and asking a continuance of their favor.

The entertainment of the evening being over all the young ladies who did not get prizes kissed the young ladies who did, and then nearly all the young ladies and old ladies in the chapel began to kiss other ladies, and for a time the exercise became epidemic. In a word, the entertainmentwas a triumphant success. Professor Hodge, in his usual felicitous manner addressed the audience, thanking those present for their attendance and asking a continuance of their favor.

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BENDER ACQUITTED.

The Verdict Discussed by the People.

The Bender-Stacks homicide case was brought to a close yesterday morning in the Court of Oyer and Terminer, the jury having rendered a verdict of "not guilty." The court room was filled at the time, and there was general surprise expressed at the result, although many persons thought the jury would either disagree altogether, or come to this conclusion. Bender was warmly congratulated by his counsel and friends, and at once repaired to his saloon, where he was visited by many acquaintances, and kept a sort of "open house" during one day and evening. The verdict was freely discussed on the streets, and in shops and offices it was the chief topic of conversation. Many were found who denounced the verdict just under all the circumstances; but the majority seemed to think that the case had been fully and clearly made out, and that defendant should have convicted. It is said that one of the witnesses for the Commonwealth, who saw the whole affray, and who was in the city until within a short time of the trial, was spirited away, or left voluntarily, and successfully avoided all effort to arrest him. This witness, as the story goes, had related the whole affair to the counsel for the prosecution, and his testimony, had he remained to give it, would have corroborated Rocher. He was not in the saloon that night, but was passing along the street to his lodging place, a few doors from the saloon, and saw Stacks strike down. If this be true, this witness has committed a great wrong, for which he should be punished, and doubtless will be if the Court can lay its hands upon him. The case, however, so far as Bender is concerned, is at an end. Kocher will also be free, and it only remains to enter a *nol. pros.* as to Golden.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Academy of Music.

Carncross and Dixey's Minstrels had another crowded audience last night, including a very large proportion of ladies, who would not annoy the rain to prevent them from enjoying the capital performances given by this organization. In fact, the theatre office had to be closed and people turned away, the policy of the managers being not to sell money from those whom they could not furnish with comfortable seats. The programme was a very fine one, and gave the utmost satisfaction. The company close their first week this evening, and will without doubt attract an immense crowd.

The troupe will, by request of a very large number of our best people, remain another week, and a succession of brilliant performances may be expected. Several entirely new burlesques will be brought out in the best manner by Eugene and the other members of the company.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

Two more performances will close the season of negro minstrelsy being given by Trimble's Troupe by Manning's Minstrels. They appear in one of the very best selections of the week at the matinee this afternoon, and in the evening make their farewell bow. The troupe is composed of first class material, and everything done by them thus far has received the stamp of public approval. Those still desirous as another visit, they can count on a hearty welcome.

Trimble's Varieties Theater.

The performers at the Varieties have double duty before them to-day. Each and every artist will appear at the matinee, and again in the evening in a very long and carefully chosen programme. The early goers get the seats.

Ravel-Martinetti Troupe.

Mr. G. W. Hunter, agent of the Ravel-Martinetti troupe, and has made arrangements for their appearance at the Pittsburgh Opera House for one week, commencing on Monday, June 24th. As pantomimists they have few if any equals, and no superiors.

Pennsylvania Female College.

The closing exercises of this sterling institution will commence on Sabbath morning, June 16th, when the annual sermon will be delivered by the President, Dr. Beach. On Monday morning, the 17th, at nine o'clock, the examinations will commence. At half-past seven in the evening there will be an exhibition of experiments, by the class in Physics, under the direction of Professor Rankin. Tuesday, June 18th, the regular examinations will be resumed at nine o'clock, and in the evening, at half-past seven, there will be a musical concert, conducted by Prof. Christiani. The programme embraces choice selections, and the entertainment will be of a high order.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

EVA BAKER, a young woman who has frequently been before the Mayor for bad conduct, was yesterday sent to the workhouse for ninety days.

THE jury in the case of the young man, James M. Meads, who was found dead in a cell in the lock-up, rendered a verdict of death from intemperance.

The Council of the Mayor's Court Washington failed to meet for the third time for want of a quorum. Another effort will be made to-day, however.

ROSE HIGGINS, the girl who attempted to commit suicide by jumping from the Hand street bridge into the Allegheny river, is recovering at the Homœopathic Hospital.

SUCH has been the extraordinary success of Carncross & Dixey's Minstrels at the Academy of Music this week that they have been compelled to remain for six nights longer. No matinees will be given.

A POLICEMAN brought a drunken stranger to the Central Station house yesterday. It was subsequently discovered that the officer as well as his prisoner was drunk, and both were locked up for disposition to-day.

A YOUNG man named Wm. Grady, employed in the iron works of Messrs. Graff, Bennett & Co., in East Birmingham, had two of his fingers fractured yesterday by a lot of pig metal falling upon them. Dr. O'Brien was the attending physician.

WE learn from reliable authority that Robert M. Gibson, Esq., will be the Democratic candidate for President Judge, in opposition to the Republican nominee, Judge Sterrett, and that John M. Irwin will be pitted against Mr. McCormick for Assembly in the first district.

SOME citizens of East Liberty complained to the Mayor Blackmore yesterday, that a peaceful, law abiding man, named Another citizen, kept them from sleep by his hideous night howling. The Mayor will likely refer the matter to the cruelty to animals society, if it can be found.

THOMAS ENDLY, arrested on oath of A. Vanfossan, on a charge of malicious mischief, had a hearing before Alderman Taylor, and there being no particle of evidence against him, was discharged. The prosecutor will be prosecuted for costs, and the numerous friends of Mr. Endly will readily believe.

A DEAF and dumb boy named Bittner met with a serious accident yesterday, in East Birmingham. The boy is in the employ of Messrs. Keeling & Co., and was riding one of the horses attached to a coal car, when he fell off and was run over by the car. He received severe injures about his head and body. He was removed to his home and medical aid summoned.

ABOUT eight o'clock yesterday morning a woman carrying a market basket on her arm, was caught between an iron wagon and a street car, on Carson street, East Birmingham. She was knocked down, and escaped with a number of bruises and a sprained ankle. Her name is Mrs. Ecker, a widow lady, and a resident of Curry alley. Near where the accident occurred.

YESTERDAY Detective Fender captured a young girl hailing from Salem, Ohio, who had run away from her husband, a widower whom she had recently married in opposition to the will of her father. The marriage proved a very unhappy one, but on the discovery being made the young wife did not return to her home, but came to the city, where she obtained a situation as a domestic. Her father took her home.

THE Mayor yesterday sent Annie Reynolds to the workhouse thirty days for vagrancy; Joseph Kiengaman, which accompanied Pittsburgh Commandery No. 1, has for the past two evenings been delighting thousands of listeners with a superb concert of operatic selections, from the balcony of the Berks County House, Penn street, above Seventh. It is the only band in Pennsylvania which is considered a rival of our own famous and favorite Ringgold, and we doubt whether there are two better musical organizations in the country.

Another Warning.

Last evening, shortly before six o'clock, a colored boy aged twelve years, named Henry Addington, met with an accident which resulted fatally, by attempting to jump on a moving train. The accident occurred at the junction of the Fort Wayne and West Penn Railroads, between Anderson street and the railroad bridge, Allegheny. At the time mentioned, the lad, noticing a freight train going west, ran toward it with the intention of jumping on. Unfortunately, he did not see the Erie Express, which was going in an opposite direction, and while crossing the track he was struck by the engine and frightfully mangled. His right leg was horribly crushed between the knee and ankle, his right arm torn from its socket, and also received a deep cut over the right eye. Death was almost instantaneous. The remains were placed on the train and brought to the express depot on Grant street. At seven o'clock the deceased was removed to his late home on Robinson street, near the scene of the accident. An inquest will be held over the remains to-day.

Lynch Indicted for Murder.

The Grand Jury had before them yesterday the case of Ambrose E. Lynch, of Allegheny, who, on his own admission, stabbed and killed Wm. Hatfield, at the house of defendant's sister, Mrs. Leeta. The testimony was deemed sufficient, and the jury found a true bill, charging Lynch with murder. It is probable that the case will be called for trial the present term.

The Great Western Gun Works.

Attention is invited to the card of Mr. J. H. Johnston, proprietor of the Great Western Gun Works, which appears in this morning's paper. Mr. Johnston's establishment is the only one in this city or vicinity devoted exclusively to the manufacture and sale of firearms. The business carried on by Mr. Johnston is quite an extensive one, and requires to accommodate it the entire four-story building, No. 179 Smithfield street. The first floor is used as a salesroom and contains the largest assortment of guns to be found in any one house in the country. The stock comprises over fifty styles of guns, including breech and muzzle loaders of all the latest styles, twenty-five different descriptions of revolvers and pistols, besides ammunition, powder flasks and other sporting goods. The second floor is used as a warerooom. On the third floor are located the repair shops, which afford facilities for the repairing of guns and pistols, etc., which work is promptly and satisfactorily attended to at this establishment. On the fourth floor is the manufactory, where a number of hands are employed in making new guns to supply the proprietor's immense trade. Of Mr. Johnston it need only be said that he has been engaged in the manufacture of fire arms all his life, and that his extended experience admirably qualifies him to conduct such an establishment as the Great Western Gun Works. He is, besides, a perfectly reliable and highly honorable business man, of whom our readers, should they become his customers, will never have reason to complain.

The Programme for Monday

At North Homestead is out. It gives the time of day at which the different parts of the place will be sold—a very important matter to those who cannot spare the whole day.

The Age of Miracles.

The age of miracles is said to have forever passed away, but there are sometimes occurrences in our midst which would lead to the belief that miracles are still performed. An instance of this character has recently come to our notice, in which, though the blind did not receive sight, a woman not blessed with the use of her eyes was able to do what a blind woman never did before, viz: to run a sewing machine. The lady in question was seen in the store of the Domestic Sewing Machine, No. 20 Sixth street, busily engaged in sewing, and her work was of the most exquisite nature, quite as even and regular as any we ever saw. No other machine before the public is so simple in construction as the Domestic, and this fact is conclusively proved, when a blind woman can use it successfully. The name of the lady will be furnished on application to R. W. Steadman & Co., No. 20 Sixth street.

All the Nobby Styles

In hats at R. H. Palmer's, Nos. 149 and 151 Wood street.

"What a Fool I Was."

It is an every day occurrence to hear *sharp* people candidly acknowledge "what a fool I was" for not buying this or that property that is now worth many times what "I could have got it for." It won't be long till you can hear just such talk about North Homestead among the fellows that will be too "sharp" to buy on Monday next, when this beautiful property will be sold for *less* than it will ever be again. Call on the treasurer of the North Homestead Bank. If *you* ever say so, reader, you must not grumble if some one says, "I told you so."

The Secret of Success.

D. W. Huntsman & Co., the furniture dealers of Nos. 41 and 43 West Ohio street, Allegheny, are doing a height of business prosperity, although they have been established but a short time. We opine that no firm in the furniture business in Allegheny or Pittsburgh, however long they may have been in the business, has a larger trade than this one. The secret of their success lies in the fact that they have one of the largest and most superior assortments of furniture ever seen hereabouts, every article of which is sold lower than a similar one can be obtained elsewhere, and in the additional circumstance that this firm have made the public acquainted with the fact through the medium of the public press.

North Homestead on Monday!

Free trains leave as follows: *Union Depot* at 8:40 A. M., stopping only at Lawrenceville, East Liberty, Torrens and Wilkinsburg.

Connellsville Depot—8:40 A. M., stopping only at Birmingham, Soho, Frankstown, Hazlewood and Homestead.

Two Machines in One.

Such is the American Button-hole Overseaming and complete Sewing Machine sold by Mr. James Espy, No. 178 Liberty street.

Gentlemen

Who are in immediate haste for new clothing should not fail to go and see

Tobias' great $5 suits.
Tobias' great $8 suits.
Tobias' great $1 coats.
Scotch cheviot $8 suits.
All wool summer $10 suits.
Holly Vaiden suits.
For weddings $20 suits.
For parties $15 suits.
For entertainments $15 suits.
For journeys $13 suits.
Stripe in collars, $1 coats.
Tobias' great $1 coats.
The great vest $1 vests.
The great white $1 50 vest.
The great boys' $4 suits.
Fancy boys' $5 suits.

All summer goods bottled 55 per cent. at T. Tobias' big 13, Sixth street, late St. Clair.

8:40.

The excursion to North Homestead by Pennsylvania Railroad leaves Union Depot at 8:40 A. M., stopping only at Lawrenceville, East Liberty, Torrens and Wilkinsburg. That by Connellsville Road leaves the same depot at 8:40 for Birmingham, Soho, Frankstown, Hazelwood and Homestead. Be in time for the trains.

Goodman & Mackley,

No. 117 Wood street, keep the best silk hat brought to this market.

All the Nobby Styles

In hats at R. A. Palmer's, Nos. 149 and 151 Wood street.

The Keystone

New family sewing machine, sold by Mr. F. B. Kenner, No. 24 Fifth avenue, second story, combines all the improvements found in other machines, without their defects, and should be examined by all who have the remotest idea of buying a sewing machine.

White, Brown and Variegated

Gossamer cloth colored ventilated hats at R. H. Palmer's, Nos. 149 and 151 Wood street.

The Latest and Best.

The Keystone Sewing Machine, for which Mr. F. B. Kenner, No. 24 Fifth avenue, second story, is agent, is the great *desideratum* so long and anxiously looked for—the *ne plus ultra* of sewing machines. See it before buying.

All the Nobby Styles

In hats at R. H. Palmer's, Nos. 149 and 151 Wood street.

If You Cannot Spare the the Whole Day

At North Homestead on Monday, get a programme and see what time *your* lots are to be sold.

Protect Home Enterprise.

We cannot for the life of us see why our citizens will send east and buy carriages when we have so many good and efficient workmen in that line in our midst, and who can and do turn out just as good work as they can do in the East, and at less prices. And should any of our readers doubt this, let them call at the Repository of Messrs. Weichmann & Davis, Nos. 167, 169 and 171 Penn street, or at their extensive shops in Allegheny, where they can see some of the finest carriages in any one we would wish to look at. This firm are always ahead in bringing out new styles, and they will get up any required size or style that the purchaser may require. Now will find it will pay to visit their establishments if you intend purchasing a carriage of any description. They also attend to repairing vehicles of all kinds at their shops for same, and all work of any kind, and all work, either new or old, intrusted to them will be promptly attended to. Give them a call and look over their collection now on hand.

Last Notice and Last Chance.

On Monday next will come and go the first and last opportunity to get your choice of a "North Homestead," Homestead for less money, on longer time and more liberal terms than you can ever again obtain.

All the Nobby Styles

In hats at R. H. Palmer's, Nos. 149 and 151 Wood street.

At Cape May the Columbia House

Opens this season June 29th. Arrangements can be made for rooms by addressing Mr. Geo. J. Bolton, proprietor, either at his Washington House, corner Second and Race streets, Philadelphia, or Bolton's Hotel, Harrisburg. The Columbia has a broad ocean view location and has long been popular among our Pittsburgh people.

THS

Great $5 00

At Tobias's, No. 13 Sixth street, late St. Clair.

The Best Quality of Matches

Sold at J. D. Thompson & Co.'s, 240 Liberty street.

Caution.

Every genuine box of DR. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS bears the signature of Fleming Brothers, Pittsburgh, Pa., and their private U. S. stamp. Take no other. The market is full of imitations.

It is the popular verdict that people who have been accustomed to the use of Bitters or Cordials, are obliged eventually to resort to MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS for permanent relief.

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New China

Being received daily at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, No. 100 Wood street.

HATS FOR SUMMER WEAR.

Straw Goods at R. H. Palmer's—The Largest Stock and the Lowest Prices—A Few Words to the Trade—The Retail Department.

The trade and retail buyers will find at R. H. Palmer's extensive hat house one of the most complete and perfect assortments of straw hats ever brought to this city. It includes Panama, Leghorn, Sennit, palm leaf, Indian Panama, shell straw, white, brown and variegated Canton, etc., in endless variety and in the greatest profusion. The advantages offered dealers by this house are the largest stock, best selected goods, the greatest variety and the lowest prices. Every new and desirable style or description of goods in this line is offered at prices calculated to astonish the closest and shrewdest buyers. City and country merchants should by all means call and see the goods and learn what superior inducements they can obtain by selecting from this stock before going elsewhere.

In every other department Mr. Palmer will be found equally prepared to meet the demands of the trade with superior goods at prices that defy competition. The advantage to dealers of buying where the largest stock is kept must be apparent, and when to this is superadded the superiority of the goods and the low prices prevailing at R. H. Palmer's the accumulated evidence is overwhelmingly in favor of his house. The retail department is replete with the newest and most approved styles of silk, felt, straw, or other varieties of hats suitable for old and young, grave and gay. Dealers and individual buyers should, without unnecessary delay, acquaint themselves by personal inspection of the superiority of the goods, and the unusual extent and variety of the stock now on exhibition at Nos. 149 and 151 Wood street.

All Kinds

Of summer hats at low prices at Goodman & Mackley's, No. 117 Wood street.

The Keystone

Sewing Machine has more space under the arm than any other family machine, admitting the largest quilt or piece of work without inconvenience to the operator. Mr. F. B. Kenner, No. 24 Fifth avenue, second story, is the agent.

Children's Hats

And turbans at R. H. Palmer's, Nos. 149 and 151 Wood street.

Cuba Bass

For tying up segars, sold at J. D. Thompson & Co.'s, 240 Liberty street.

The Diamond Carriage Works.

We were convinced by a recent visit to the establishment indicated that Messrs. McCallen, Cochran & Co., Nos. 52 and 53 West Diamond street, Allegheny, are meeting with great success in the manufacture of carriages. Gentlemen If any of our readers desire to buy a carriage, jagger wagon, barouche, pony phaeton, open or top buggy, buck wagon, or any other description of vehicle we know of no similar establishment here or in the East where they can obtain better work for lower prices. Messrs. McCallen, Cochran & Co., are enterprising manufacturers and offer such liberal inducements to buyers that there can be no excuse for the use of an old or second-hand vehicle. Their facilities for making up first class vehicles of all kinds in a prompt and satisfactory manner.

The American

Sewing Machine is unquestionably in advance of any other similar invention, the proofs of which will be furnished all who will call on Mr. James Espy, the agent, No. 178 Liberty street.

Dr. Harris's Summer Cordial

Cures Diarrhœa and Dysentery.

Children's Hats

And turbans at R. H. Palmer's, Nos. 149 and 151 Wood street.

Assorted Crates

White stone and common ware, suitable for country trade, at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 100 Wood street.

Fishing Tackle.

Fishing tackle, sold at J. D. Thompson & Co.'s, 240 Liberty street.

For Sale.

About six acres in the Nineteenth ward, adjoining the property of Mr. R. Wightman. There is a dwelling house containing seven rooms; a small tenement house, a good frame barn and stable, abundance of fruit of all kinds, shade trees, &c. This property is very desirably located, the neighborhood is improving, being first-class in every sense of the word, is only a short distance from the East Liberty station, and is a very desirable location; will be sold as a whole or in lots of two or three acres. Inquire of C. H. Love, Real Estate Broker, 58 Fourth avenue.

Straw Hats

Of every variety in the greatest profusion at R. H. Palmer's, Nos. 149 and 151 Wood street.

The Sewing Machine

Is a household necessity that is to last a lifetime, and therefore one is wanted that will be the most and will do it best. The American can do several kinds of sewing not done on any other machine besides every kind that is done by others. Call on Mr. James Espy, No. 178 Liberty street.

Straw Hats

Of every variety in the greatest profusion at R. H. Palmer's, Nos. 149 and 151 Wood street.

Superior Inducements

To every class of buyers at the hat and cap house of Messrs. Goodman & Mackley, No. 117 Wood street.

Twenty Thousand.

Baskets and cases of Charles Heidseck's vintage have been landed in the States during the past year. These wines are exceedingly fine and well corked Dry Sillery and "Extra" Champagne.

White, Brown and Variegated.

Gossamer cloth colored ventilated hats at R. H. Palmer's, Nos. 149 and 151 Wood street.

See the American

Before determining what sewing machine you will buy. Mr. James Espy, No. 178 Liberty street, is the agent.

The Latest Styles

And novelties in every description of hats and caps at R. H. Palmer's, Nos. 149 and 151 Wood street.

Picnic

Hats and caps and club hats and caps at R. H. Palmer's, Nos. 149 and 151 Wood street.

For Sale

In Sharpsburgh, a steam flouring mill, three run of stone, steam engine and boilers, and all the latest improvements in machinery. The building is a good substantial brick building in good repairs, and machinery all in good order. The lot has a front of 92 feet on the West Penn Railroad, and extends back along Mill street, 190 feet to Main street. This property is admirably adapted either for a flouring mill or for manufacturing purposes, being immediately on line of railroad, so that freight can be loaded direct from the building to the cars. Will be sold at a bargain. Inquire of C. H. Love, Real Estate Broker, 58 Fourth avenue.

Picnic

Hats and caps and club hats and caps at R. H. Palmer's, Nos. 149 and 151 Wood street.

A Sensible Arrangement.

We noticed yesterday, while on a visit to North Homestead, that several "sample" lots have been fenced, so as to give visitors a correct idea of the size of the company's "regulation" lots.

Dr. Harris's Summer Cordial

Cures Diarrhœa and Dysentery.

Children's Hats

And turbans at R. H. Palmer's, Nos